INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 60745-1

Third edition 2001-12

Hand-held motor-operated electric tools – Safety –

Part 1:

General requirements

Outils électroportatifs à moteur – Sécurité –

Partie 1:

Règles genérales

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Commission Electrotechnique Internationale International Electrotechnical Commission Международная Электротехническая Комиссия

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HAND-HELD MOTOR-OPERATED ELECTRIC TOOLS – SAFETY –

Part 1: General requirements

FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the international Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters expless, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested National Committees.
- 3) The documents produced have the form of recommendations for international use and are published in the form of standards, technical specifications, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standard and the corresponding national or regional standard shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) The IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformly with one of its standards.
- 6) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. The IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60745-1 has been prepared by sub-committee 61F: Safety of hand-held motor-operated electric tools, of IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 1997 and constitutes a technical revision.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
61F/422/FDIS	61F/427/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

Annexes A, B, C, D, E, F, G and I form an integral part of this standard.

Annex J is for information only.

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The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2003. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date



INTRODUCTION

This part 1 is to be used in conjunction with the appropriate part 2, which contains clauses to supplement or modify the corresponding clauses in part 1 to provide the relevant requirements for each type of product.

Individual countries may wish to consider its application, so far as is reasonable, to tools not mentioned in part 2, and to tools designed on new principles.

If the functions of a tool are covered by the different parts 2 of IEC 60745, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, so far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

Normative references to other IEC and ISO standards are given in clause 2

NOTE In this standard, the following print types are used:

- Requirements: in roman type
- Test specification: in italic type
- Notes: in smaller roman type

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced people.

A product employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intention of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be judged to comply with the standard.

Standards dealing with non-safety aspects of hand-held tools are:

- IEC standards published by TC 59 on methods of measuring performance;
- CISPR 11 and 14 on radio interference suppression;
- IEC 61000-3-2 and IEC 61000 3/3 on electromagnetic compatibility.

HAND-HELD MOTOR-OPERATED ELECTRIC TOOLS – SAFETY –

Part 1: General requirements

1 Scope

1.1 This International Standard deals with the safety of hand-held motor-operated or magnetically driven electric tools, the rated voltage of the tools being not more than 250 V for single-phase a.c. or d.c. tools, and 440 V for three-phase a.c. tools.

So far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by hand-held tools, which are encountered by all persons in the common use of the tools.

Tools with an electric heating element are within the scope of this standard. They should also comply with relevant parts of IEC 60335.

Hand-held electric tools, hereinafter referred to as tools, which can be mounted on a support for use as fixed tools without any alteration of the tool itself, are within the scope of this standard. Unless the requirement for such support is given in a relevant part 2, this standard alone will not be sufficient to ensure that the combination of tool and support is adequate.

Requirements for motors not isolated from the supply, and having basic insulation not designed for the rated voltage of the tools, are given in Annex B.

This standard does not apply to:

- hand-held tools intended to be used in the presence of explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- hand-held tools used for preparing and processing food;
- hand-held tools for medical purposes (IEC 60601);
- heating tools which are covered by IEC 60335-2-45.

For hand-held tools intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements may be necessary.

For hand-held tools intended to be used in tropical countries, special requirements may be necessary.

NOTE Attention is drawn to the fact that in many countries, additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour, the national water supply authorities, etc.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of IEC 60745. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of IEC 60745 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

IEC 60061-1:1969, Lamp caps and holders together with gauges for the control of interchangeability and safety – Part 1: Lamp caps
Supplement A (1969) to amendment 26 (2001)

IEC 60068-2-75:1997, Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests

IEC 60083:1997, Plugs and socket-outlets for domestic and similar general use standardized in member countries of IEC

IEC 60085:1984, Thermal evaluation and classification of electrical insulation

IEC 60112:1979, Method for determining the comparative and the proof tracking indices of solid insulating materials under moist conditions

IEC 60127 (all parts), Miniature fuses

IEC 60227 (all parts), Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

IEC 60245 (all parts), Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750

IEC 60309 (all parts), Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes

IEC 60320 (all parts), Appliance couplers for household and similar general purposes

IEC 60335-1:2001, Safety of household and similar electrical appliances - Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60384-14:1993, Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment — Part 14: Sectional specification: Fixed capacitors for electromagnetic interference suppression and connection to the supply mains

IEC 60529:1989, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)

IEC 60695-2-2:1991, Fire hazard testing - Rart 2: Test methods - Section 2: Needle-flame test

IEC 60695-2-10:2000, Fire hazard testing - Part 210: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure

IEC 60695-2-11:2000, Fire hazard testing — Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods — Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products

IEC 60695-2-12:2000, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-12: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability test method for materials

IEC 60695-2-13:2000. Fire hazard testing – Part 2-13: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire ignitability test method for materials

IEC 60707:1999, Flammability of solid non-metallic materials when exposed to flame sources – List of test methods

IEC 60730-1:1999, Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60998-2-2:1991, Connecting devices for low-voltage circuits for household and similar purposes – Part 2-2: Particular requirements for connecting devices as separate entities with screwless-type clamping units

IEC 60999-1:1999, Connecting devices – Electrical copper conductors – Safety requirements for screw-type and screwless-type clamping units – Part 1: General requirements and particular requirements for clamping units for conductors from 0,2 mm² up to 35 mm² (included)

IEC 61058-1:2000, Switches for appliances – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61558-1:1997, Safety of power transformers, power supply units and similar – Part 1: General requirements and tests

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ISO 1463:1982, Metallic and oxide coatings – Measurement of coating thickness – Microscopical method

ISO 2178:1982, Non-magnetic coatings on magnetic substrates – Measurement of coating thickness – Magnetic method

