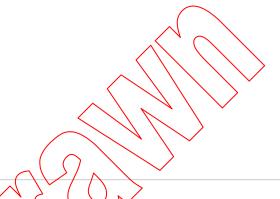


IEC/TR 61156-1-2

Edition 1.0 2009-05

TECHNICAL REPORT



Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications – Part 1-2: Electrical transmission characteristics and test methods of symmetrical pair/quad cables



INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PRICE CODE

X

ICS 33.120.20

ISBN 978-2-88910-418-5

CONTENTS

FO	REWO	RD	4		
1	Scop	9	6		
2	Normative references				
3	Terms, definitions, symbols, units and abbreviated terms				
	3.1	Terms and definitions	6		
	3.2	Symbols, units and abbreviated terms			
4	Basic	transmission line equations			
	4.1	Introduction			
	4.2	Characteristic impedance and propagation coefficient equations			
		4.2.1 General			
		4.2.2 Propagation coefficient			
		4.2.3 Characteristic impedance	11		
		4.2.4 Phase and group velocity	12		
	4.3	High frequency representation of secondary parameters	. 13		
	4.4	Frequency dependence of the primary and secondary parameters	. 14		
		4.4.1 Resistance			
		4.4.2 Inductance	14		
		4.4.3 Characteristic impedance	15		
		4.4.4 Attenuation coefficient	15		
		4.4.5 Phase delay and group delay	16		
5	Meas	urement of characteristic impedance	17		
	5.1	General	17		
	5.2	Open/short circuit single-ended impedance measurement made with a balun			
		(reference method)	18		
		5.2.1 Principle			
		5.2.2 Test equipment			
		5.2.3 Procedure	19		
		5.2.4 Expression of results			
	5.3	Function fitting the impedance magnitude and angle			
	<	5.3.1 General			
		5.3.2 Impedance magnitude			
		5.3.3 Function fitting the angle of the characteristic impedance	. 22		
	5.4	Characteristic impedance determined from measured phase coefficient and	00		
		capacitance			
		5.4.3 Procedure for the measurement of the phase coefficient			
		5.4.5 Phase velocity			
		5.4.6 Procedure for the measurement of the capacitance			
	5.5	Determination of characteristic impedance using the terminated	. 25		
	5.5	measurement method	25		
	5.6	Extended open/short circuit method using a balun but excluding the balun			
		performance	. 26		
		5.6.1 Test equipment and cable-end preparation	. 26		
		5.6.2 Basic equations	. 26		
		5.6.3 Measurement principle	. 26		

	5.7	Extended open/short circuit method without using a balun	28
	0.,	5.7.1 Basic equations and circuit diagrams	
		5.7.2 Measurement principle	
	5.8	Open/short impedance measurements at low frequencies with a balun	
	5.9	Characteristic impedance and propagation coefficient obtained from modal decomposition technique	32
		5.9.1 General	
		5.9.2 Procedure	
		5.9.3 Measurement principle	
		5.9.4 Scattering matrix to impedance matrix	35
		5.9.5 Expression of results	37
6	Meas	surement of return loss and structural return loss	37
	6.1	General	37
	6.2	Principle	37
7		agation coefficient effects due to periodic structural variation related to the ts appearing in the structural return loss	38
	7.1 7.2	General Equation for the forward echoes caused by periodic structural	38
		inhomogeneities	38
8	Unba	lance attenuation	40
	8.1	General	
	8.2	Unbalance attenuation near end and far end	
	8.3	Theoretical background	
Bib	liogra	phy	46
Fic	ilire 1	- Secondary parameters extending from 1 kHz to 1 GHz	16
		Diagram of cable pair measurement circuit	
		 Determining the multiplier of 2n radians to add to the phase measurement 	
_			
_		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
		Measurement principle with four terminal network theory	
		- Admittance measurement configurations	
		Admittance measurement principle	
Fig	jure 8	- Transmission line system	34
Fig	jure 9	Differential mode transmission in a symmetric pair	40
Fig	jure 10	O – Common-mode transmission in a symmetric pair	40
Fig	jure 11	- Circuit of an infinitesimal element of a symmetric pair	43
		2 – Calculated coupling transfer function for a capacitive coupling of 0,4 pF/m	
an	d rand	om ±0,4 pF/m (ℓ = 100 m; $\varepsilon_{\rm r1}$ = $\varepsilon_{\rm r2}$ = 2,3)	45
Fig	jure 13	B – Measured coupling transfer function of 100 m Twinax 105 Ω	45
Та	ble 1 -	- Unbalance attenuation at near end	41
Та	ble 2 -	- Unbalance attenuation at far end	41
		Measurement set-un	42

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MULTICORE AND SYMMETRICAL PAIR/QUAD CABLES FOR DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS –

PART 1-2: ELECTRICAL TRANSMISSION CHARACTERISTICS AND TEST METHODS OF SYMMETRICAL PAIR/QUAD CABLES

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attack to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The main task of IEO technical committees is to prepare International Standards. However, a technical committee may propose the publication of a technical report when it has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard, for example "state of the art".

IEC 61156-1-2, which is a technical report, has been prepared by subcommittee 46C: Wires and symmetric cables, of IEC technical committee 46: Cables, wires, waveguides, R.F. connectors, R.F. and microwave passive components and accessories.

The text of this technical report is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
46C/853/DTR	46C/889/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical report can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

TR 61156-1-2 © IEC:2009(E)

- 5 -

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61156 series, under the general title: Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.



MULTICORE AND SYMMETRICAL PAIR/QUAD CABLES FOR DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS –

PART 1-2: ELECTRICAL TRANSMISSION CHARACTERISTICS AND TEST METHODS OF SYMMETRICAL PAIR/QUAD CABLES

1 Scope

This technical report is a revision of the symmetrical pair/quad electrical transmission characteristics present in IEC 61156-1:2002 (Edition 2) and not carried into IEC 61156-1:2007 (Edition 3).

This technical report includes the following topics from IEC 61156-1:2002:

- the characteristic impedance test methods and function fitting procedures of 3.3.6;
- Annex A covering basic transmission line equations and test methods;
- Annex B covering the open/short-circuit method;
- Annex C covering unbalance attenuation.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-726, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 726: Transmission lines and waveguides

IEC 61156-1:2007, Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications – Part 1: Generic specification

IEC/TR 62152, Background of terms and definitions of cascaded two-ports