
**Identification cards — Test methods —
Part 1:
General characteristics**

*Cartes d'identification — Méthodes d'essai —
Partie 1: Caractéristiques générales*

Withhold

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

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The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

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International Standard ISO/IEC 10373-1 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 17, *Cards and personal identification*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 10373-1:1998), which has been technically revised. It also includes the Technical Corrigendum ISO/IEC 10373-1:1998/Cor.1:2002.

ISO/IEC 10373 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Identification cards — Test methods*:

- *Part 1: General characteristics*
- *Part 2: Cards with magnetic stripes*
- *Part 3: Integrated circuit(s) cards with contacts and related interface devices*
- *Part 5: Optical memory cards*
- *Part 6: Proximity cards*
- *Part 7: Vicinity cards*

Identification cards — Test methods —

Part 1: General characteristics

1 Scope

ISO 10373 defines test methods for characteristics of identification cards according to the definition given in ISO/IEC 7810. Each test method is cross-referenced to one or more base standards, which may be ISO/IEC 7810 or one or more of the supplementary standards that define the information storage technologies employed in identification cards applications.

This part of ISO/IEC 10373 defines test methods which are common to one or more card technologies. Other parts of ISO/IEC 10373 define technology-specific test methods.

NOTE 1 Criteria for acceptability do not form part of this part of ISO 10373, but will be found in the International Standards mentioned above.

NOTE 2 Test methods described in this part of ISO 10373 are intended to be performed separately. A given card is not required to pass through all the tests sequentially.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 105-E04:1994, *Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part E04: Colour fastness to perspiration*

ISO 1302:2002, *Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Indication of surface texture in technical product documentation*

ISO 1817, *Rubber, vulcanized — Determination of the effect of liquids*

ISO 9227:1990, *Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres — Salt spray tests*

ISO/IEC 10373-2, *Identification cards — Test methods — Part 2: Cards with magnetic stripes*