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TECHNICAL REPORT

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Information technology Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Protocol combinations to provide and support the OSI Network Service

Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange d'information entre systèmes — Combinaisons de protocole pour la fourniture et le support du service de réseau OSI



Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards, but in exceptional circumstances a technical committee may propose the publication of a Technical Report of one of the following types:

- type 1, when the required support cannot be obtained for the publication of an International Standard, despite repeated efforts;
- type 2, when the subject is still under technical development or where for any other reason there is the future but not immediate possibility of an agreement on an International Standard;
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Technical Reports of types 1 and 2 are subject to review within three years of publication, to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards. Technical Reports of type 3 do not necessarily have to be reviewed until the data they provide are considered to be no longer valid or useful.

ISO/IEC TR 13532, which is a Technical Report of type 3, was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC TC 1, Information technology.

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Introduction

This Technical Report provides a list of the protocol combinations commonly used to provide and support the OSI Network Service. It is a replacement for ISO/IEC 8880-1, ISO/IEC 8880-2 and ISO/IEC 8880-3.

In some layers of the OSI Reference Model Architecture, it is possible to refer to a single layer protocol standard specification as the place in which all information necessary to understand how to provide the layer service can be found. This is not possible in the Network Layer since the number of different subnetwork technologies and interconnection strategies that must be accommodated is too large to permit the specification of a single OSI Network Layer Protocol. It is therefore the intertion of this Technical Report to serve as a point of reference for information concerning the ways in which Network Layer protocols may be used to provide the OSI Network Service in various environments.

CCITT Rec. X.213 | ISO/IEC 8348 defines the OSI Network Service. ISO 8648 outlines the architectural framework for the definition of Network Layer protocols and for describing the relationship of the various real world components which can participate in the provision of the Network Service. This Technical Report describes the application of the Network Layer architecture in ISO 8648 and the International Standard Network Layer protocols to the provision of the Network Service in real instances of use.

Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Protocol combinations to provide and support the OSI Network Service

Section 1: General

1.1 Scope

This Technical Report provides information on the protocol combinations that are usually used to provide and support the OSI Network Service in the commonly available network environments. Section 2 provides information for the Connection-mode Network Service and Section 3 provides information for the Connectionlessmode Network Service.

1.2 Use of this Technical Report

This Technical Report is for use by ISO/IEC Technical Committees and other parties requiring a catalogue of the protocol combinations and options which may be used in the provision and support of the OSI Network Service.

1.3 References

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Technical Report. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Technical report are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

1.3.1 Identical Recommendations | International Standards

ITU-T Recommendation X.200 (1994) + ISO/IEC 7498-1:1994, Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection — Basic Reference Model : The Basic Model.

CCITT Recommendation X.213 (1992) | ISO/IEC 8348:1993, Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection — Network Service Definition.

ITU-T Recommendation X.233 (1993) | ISO/IEC 8473–1:1994, Information technology — Protocol for providing the connectionlessmode network service: Protocol specification.

CCITT Recommendation X.612 (1992) | ISO/IEC 9574:1992, Information technology — Provision of the OSI connection-mode network service by packet mode terminal equipment connected to an integrated services digital network (ISDN). CCITT Recommendation X:613 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10588:1993. Information technology — Use of X.25 Packer Layer Protocol in conjunction with X.21/X.21 bis to provide the OSI connection-mode Network Service.

CCITT Recommendation X 614 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10732:1993, Information technology — Use of X.25 Packet Layer Protocol to provide the OSI connection-mode Network Service over the telephone network.

IDU-T Recommendation X.622 (1994) ISO/IEC 8473–3:1995, Information technology — Protocol for providing the connectionlessmode network service: Provision of the underlying service by an X.25 subnetwork.

1.3.2 Paired Recommendations | International Standards equivalent in technical content

TUU-T Recommendation X.222 (1995), Use of the X.25 LAPB-Compatible Data Link Procedures to Provide the OSI Connectionmode Data Link Service.

ISO/IEC 11575:1995, Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Protocol mappings for the OSI Data Link service.

CCITT Recommendation X.223 (1988), Use of X.25 to provide the OSI connection-mode network service for CCITT applications.

ISO/IEC 8878:1992, Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Use of X.25to provide the OSI Connection-mode Network Service

1.3.3 Additional references

ISO/IEC 7776:1995, Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — High-level data-link control procedures — Description of the X.25 LAPBcompatible DTE data link procedures.

ISO/IEC 8208:1995, Information technology — Data communications — X.25 Packet Layer Protocol for Data Terminal Equipment.

ISO/IEC 8473-2:—¹), Information technology — Protocol for providing the connectionless-mode network service — Part 2: Provision of the underlying service by an ISO/IEC 8802 subnetwork.

ISO/IEC 8473-4:1995. Information technology — Protocol for providing the connectionless-mode network service: Provision of

¹⁾ To be published.

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the underlying service by a subnetworks that provides the OSI data link service.

ISO 8648:1988, Information processing systems — Open Systems Interconnection — Internal organization of the Network layer.

ISO/IEC 8802-2:1994, Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Local and metropolitan area networks — Specific requirements — Part 2: Logical link control.

ISO/IEC 8881:1989, Information processing systems — Data communications — Use of the X.25 packet level protocol in local area networks.

CCITT Recommendation V.25, Automatic Equipment and/or Parallel Automatic Calling Equipment on the General Switched Telephone Network Including Procedures for Disabling of Echo Control Devices for Both Manually and Automatically Established Calls.

CCITT Recommendation V.25 bis, Automatic calling and/or answering equipment on the general switched telephone network (GSTN) using the 100 series interchange circuits.

CCITT Recommendation X.21, Interface between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit Terminating Equipment (DCE) for Operation on Public Data Networks.

CCITT Recommendation X.21 bis, Use on Public Data Networks of Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) which is designed for interfacing to synchronous V-Series modems.

CCITT Recommendation X.30, Support of X.21, X.21 bis, and X.20 bis based data terminal equipments (DTEs) by an integrated services digital network (ISDN).

CCITT Recommendation X.31 (I.462), Support of Packet Mode Terminal Equipment by an ISDN.

CCITT Recommendation X.32, Interface Between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit terminating Equipment (DEE) for Terminals Operating in the Packet Mode accessing a packet switched public data network through a public switched telephone network or a circuit switched public data network