



IEC 60601-2-22

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REDLINE VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Medical electrical equipment –
Part 2-22: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance
of surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

ICS 11.040.50; 11.040.60; 31.260

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT –

Part 2-22: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

International Standard IEC 60601-2-22 has been prepared by IEC subcommittee 76: Optical radiation safety and laser equipment.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2007 and Amendment 1:2012. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) it takes account of IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012 and IEC 60825-1:2014, which have been published since publication of the third edition;
- b) it addresses technical and safety issues which have arisen since publication of the third edition;
- c) the scope of this fourth edition differs from the scope of the third edition. It now includes CLASS 1C laser equipment, as defined in IEC 60825-1:2014, when the ENCLOSED LASER is CLASS 3B or 4;
- d) LED (light emitting diode) products are now excluded from this document as medical LED products may be covered by IEC 60601-2-57.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
76/580/CDV	76/610/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this document, the following print types are used:

- requirements and definitions: roman type;
- *test specifications: italic type;*
- informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type. Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type.
- TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OF THE GENERAL STANDARD, IN THIS PARTICULAR STANDARD OR AS NOTED: SMALL CAPITALS.

In referring to the structure of this document, the term

- “clause” means one of the seventeen numbered divisions within the table of contents, inclusive of all subdivisions (e.g. Clause 7 includes subclauses 7.1, 7.2, etc.);
- “subclause” means a numbered subdivision of a clause (e.g. 7.1, 7.2 and 7.2.1 are all subclauses of Clause 7).

References to clauses within this document are preceded by the term “Clause” followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this document are by number only.

In this document, the conjunctive “or” is used as an “inclusive or” so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this document conform to usage described in Clause 7 of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2:2018. For the purposes of this document, the auxiliary verb:

- “shall” means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this document;

- “should” means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this document;
- “may” is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60601 and IEC 80601 series, published under the general title *Medical electrical equipment*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

This document amends and supplements IEC 60601-1:2005 and IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*.

This document also refers to IEC 60825-1:~~2007~~2014. The requirements of this document are the minimum that need to be complied with, in order to achieve a reasonable level of safety and reliability during operation and application of medical laser equipment.

An asterisk (*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in Annex AA. Understanding the reasons for these requirements will not only facilitate the proper application of this document but will, in due course, expedite any revisions necessitated by changes in clinical practice or by developments in technology.

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT –

Part 2-22: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment

201.1 Scope, object and related standards

Clause 1 of the general standard¹ applies, except as follows:

201.1.1 Scope

Replacement:

This part of IEC 60601 applies to the BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE of laser equipment for ~~either~~ surgical, therapeutic, medical diagnostic, cosmetic or veterinary applications, intended for ~~its~~ use on humans or animals, classified as ~~a CLASS 3B or CLASS 4 LASER PRODUCT as defined by 3.22 and 3.23 in IEC 60825-1, hereafter referred to as LASER EQUIPMENT~~ LASER PRODUCT of CLASS 1C where the ENCLOSED LASER is of CLASS 3B or 4, or CLASS 3B, or CLASS 4.

~~Throughout this International Standard, light emitting diodes (LED) are included whenever the word "laser" is used.~~

~~NOTE 1 Refer to Definition 3.49 in IEC 60825-1.~~

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT or MEDICAL ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS which incorporate lasers as sources of energy being transferred to the PATIENT or animal and where the lasers are specified as above, are referred to as "laser equipment" in this document.

~~NOTE 21 LASER PRODUCTS for these applications classified as a CLASS 1, 1M, 2, 2M or CLASS 3R LASER PRODUCT, are covered by IEC 60825-1 and IEC 60601-1~~ a Class 1, Class 1M, CLASS 2, Class 2M or CLASS 3R LASER PRODUCT, are covered by IEC 60825-1:2014 and by the general standard.

If a clause or subclause is specifically intended to be applicable to ME EQUIPMENT only, or to ME SYSTEMS only, the title and content of that clause or subclause will say so. If that is not the case, the clause or subclause applies ~~both~~ to ME EQUIPMENT and to ME SYSTEMS, as relevant.

~~HAZARDS inherent in the intended physiological function of ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEMS within the scope of this standard are not covered by specific requirements in this standard except in 7.2.13 and 8.4.1 of the General Standard.~~

Hazards inherent in the intended physiological function of laser equipment within the scope of this document are not covered by specific requirements in this document except in 7.2.13, Physiological effects, of the general standard.

NOTE 2 See also 4.2, RISK MANAGEMENT process, of the general standard.

NOTE 3 If the laser equipment is CLASS 1C according to IEC 60825-1:2014 and is used as a laser appliance in a household, it is covered by IEC 60335-2-113:2016.

~~This standard can also be applied to surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment used for compensation or alleviation of disease, injury or disability.~~

¹ In this document, "the general standard" means IEC 60601-1:2005 and IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012.

201.1.2 Object

Replacement:

The object of this document is to establish particular BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements for the safety of surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment.

~~NOTE—Laser classification (IEC 60825-1) must not be confused with electrical classification (IEC 60601-1).~~

201.1.3 Collateral standards

Addition:

This document refers to those applicable collateral standards that are listed in Clause 2 of the general standard and Clause 201.2 of this document.

~~IEC 60601-1-3 does not apply.~~

201.1.4 Particular standards

Replacement:

~~In the IEC 60601 series, particular standards may modify, replace or delete requirements contained in this standard as appropriate for the particular ME EQUIPMENT under consideration, and may add other BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements.~~

~~A requirement of a particular standard takes priority over the General Standard.~~

Addition:

For brevity, IEC 60601-1:2005 and IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012 are referred to in this document as "the general standard". Collateral standards are referred to by their document number.

The numbering of sections, clauses and subclauses of this document corresponds to that of the general standard or applicable collateral standard. The changes to the text of the general standard are specified by the use of the following words:

"Replacement" means that the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard is replaced completely by the text of this document.

"Addition" means that the text of this document is additional to the requirements of the general standard or applicable collateral standard.

"Amendment" means that the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard is amended as indicated by the text of this document.

Subclauses or figures which are additional to those of the general standard are numbered starting from 201.101, additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc., and additional items aa), bb), etc.

Subclauses or figures which are additional to those of a collateral standard are numbered starting from 20x, where "x" is the number of the collateral standard, e.g. 202 for IEC 60601-1-2, 203 for IEC 60601-1-3, etc.

The term "this document" is used to make reference to the general standard, any applicable collateral standards and this document taken together.

Where there is no corresponding section, clause or subclause in this document, the section, clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly not relevant, applies without modification; where it is intended that any part of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly relevant, is not to be applied, a statement to that effect is given in this document.

Concerning laser radiation safety of laser equipment, IEC 60825-1:2014 applies, except for the relevant requirements that are specified, changed or amended in this document.

~~Clauses and subclauses of the General Standard and IEC 60825-1, which are not applicable to laser equipment for medical applications, are not necessarily indicated as "not applicable".~~

201.2 Normative references

Clause 2 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

Addition:

IEC 60601-1:2005, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*

IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012

IEC 60825-1:~~2007~~2014, *Safety of laser products – Part 1: Equipment classification and requirements*

~~IEC 60947-3, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 3: Switches, disconnectors, switch-disconnectors and fuse-combination units*~~

~~IEC 61010-1, *Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements*~~

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Medical electrical equipment –
Part 2-22: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance
of surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment**

**Appareils électromédicaux –
Partie 2-22: Exigences particulières pour la sécurité de base et les performances
essentielles des appareils chirurgicaux, esthétiques, thérapeutiques et de
diagnostic à laser**

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- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
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- amended.

INTRODUCTION

This document amends and supplements IEC 60601-1:2005 and IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*.

This document also refers to IEC 60825-1:2014. The requirements of this document are the minimum that need to be complied with, in order to achieve a reasonable level of safety and reliability during operation and application of medical laser equipment.

An asterisk (*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in Annex AA. Understanding the reasons for these requirements will not only facilitate the proper application of this document but will, in due course, expedite any revisions necessitated by changes in clinical practice or by developments in technology.

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT –

Part 2-22: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment

201.1 Scope, object and related standards

Clause 1 of the general standard¹ applies, except as follows:

201.1.1 Scope

Replacement:

This part of IEC 60601 applies to the BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE of laser equipment for surgical, therapeutic, medical diagnostic, cosmetic or veterinary applications, intended for use on humans or animals, classified as LASER PRODUCT of CLASS 1C where the ENCLOSED LASER is of CLASS 3B or 4, or CLASS 3B, or CLASS 4.

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT or MEDICAL ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS which incorporate lasers as sources of energy being transferred to the PATIENT or animal and where the lasers are specified as above, are referred to as “laser equipment” in this document.

NOTE 1 LASER PRODUCTS for these applications classified as a Class 1, Class 1M, CLASS 2, Class 2M or CLASS 3R LASER PRODUCT, are covered by IEC 60825-1:2014 and by the general standard.

If a clause or subclause is specifically intended to be applicable to ME EQUIPMENT only, or to ME SYSTEMS only, the title and content of that clause or subclause will say so. If that is not the case, the clause or subclause applies to ME EQUIPMENT and to ME SYSTEMS, as relevant.

Hazards inherent in the intended physiological function of laser equipment within the scope of this document are not covered by specific requirements in this document except in 7.2.13, Physiological effects, of the general standard.

NOTE 2 See also 4.2, RISK MANAGEMENT process, of the general standard.

NOTE 3 If the laser equipment is CLASS 1C according to IEC 60825-1:2014 and is used as a laser appliance in a household, it is covered by IEC 60335-2-113:2016.

201.1.2 Object

Replacement:

The object of this document is to establish particular BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements for the safety of surgical, cosmetic, therapeutic and diagnostic laser equipment.

201.1.3 Collateral standards

Addition:

This document refers to those applicable collateral standards that are listed in Clause 2 of the general standard and Clause 201.2 of this document.

¹ In this document, “the general standard” means IEC 60601-1:2005 and IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012.

201.1.4 Particular standards

Addition:

For brevity, IEC 60601-1:2005 and IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012 are referred to in this document as "the general standard". Collateral standards are referred to by their document number.

The numbering of sections, clauses and subclauses of this document corresponds to that of the general standard or applicable collateral standard. The changes to the text of the general standard are specified by the use of the following words:

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Subclauses or figures which are additional to those of the general standard are numbered starting from 201.101, additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc., and additional items aa), bb), etc.

Subclauses or figures which are additional to those of a collateral standard are numbered starting from 20x, where "x" is the number of the collateral standard, e.g. 202 for IEC 60601-1-2, 203 for IEC 60601-1-3, etc.

The term "this document" is used to make reference to the general standard, any applicable collateral standards and this document taken together.

Where there is no corresponding section, clause or subclause in this document, the section, clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly not relevant, applies without modification; where it is intended that any part of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly relevant, is not to be applied, a statement to that effect is given in this document.

Concerning laser radiation safety of laser equipment, IEC 60825-1:2014 applies, except for the relevant requirements that are specified, changed or amended in this document.

201.2 Normative references

Clause 2 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

Addition:

IEC 60601-1:2005, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*
IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012

IEC 60825-1:2014, *Safety of laser products – Part 1: Equipment classification and requirements*

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

APPAREILS ELECTROMEDICAUX –

Partie 2-22: Exigences particulières pour la sécurité de base et les performances essentielles des appareils chirurgicaux, esthétiques, thérapeutiques et de diagnostic à laser

AVANT-PROPOS

- 1) La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est une organisation mondiale de normalisation composée de l'ensemble des comités électrotechniques nationaux (Comités nationaux de l'IEC). L'IEC a pour objet de favoriser la coopération internationale pour toutes les questions de normalisation dans les domaines de l'électricité et de l'électronique. A cet effet, l'IEC – entre autres activités – publie des Normes internationales, des Spécifications techniques, des Rapports techniques, des Spécifications accessibles au public (PAS) et des Guides (ci-après dénommés "Publication(s) de l'IEC"). Leur élaboration est confiée à des comités d'études, aux travaux desquels tout Comité national intéressé par le sujet traité peut participer. Les organisations internationales, gouvernementales et non gouvernementales, en liaison avec l'IEC, participent également aux travaux. L'IEC collabore étroitement avec l'Organisation Internationale de Normalisation (ISO), selon des conditions fixées par accord entre les deux organisations.
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- 3) Les Publications de l'IEC se présentent sous la forme de recommandations internationales et sont agréées comme telles par les Comités nationaux de l'IEC. Tous les efforts raisonnables sont entrepris afin que l'IEC s'assure de l'exactitude du contenu technique de ses publications; l'IEC ne peut pas être tenue responsable de l'éventuelle mauvaise utilisation ou interprétation qui en est faite par un quelconque utilisateur final.
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- 6) Tous les utilisateurs doivent s'assurer qu'ils sont en possession de la dernière édition de cette publication.
- 7) Aucune responsabilité ne doit être imputée à l'IEC, à ses administrateurs, employés, auxiliaires ou mandataires, y compris ses experts particuliers et les membres de ses comités d'études et des Comités nationaux de l'IEC, pour tout préjudice causé en cas de dommages corporels et matériels, ou de tout autre dommage de quelque nature que ce soit, directe ou indirecte, ou pour supporter les coûts (y compris les frais de justice) et les dépenses découlant de la publication ou de l'utilisation de cette Publication de l'IEC ou de toute autre Publication de l'IEC, ou au crédit qui lui est accordé.
- 8) L'attention est attirée sur les références normatives citées dans cette publication. L'utilisation de publications référencées est obligatoire pour une application correcte de la présente publication.
- 9) L'attention est attirée sur le fait que certains des éléments de la présente Publication de l'IEC peuvent faire l'objet de droits de brevet. L'IEC ne saurait être tenue pour responsable de ne pas avoir identifié de tels droits de brevets et de ne pas avoir signalé leur existence.

La Norme internationale IEC 60601-2-22 a été établie par le sous-comité 76 de l'IEC: Sécurité des rayonnements optiques et matériels laser.

Cette quatrième édition annule et remplace la troisième édition parue en 2007 et l'Amendement 1:2012. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications techniques majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

- a) elle prend en compte l'IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012 et l'IEC 60825-1:2014, qui ont été publiés depuis la publication de la troisième édition;

- b) elle traite des questions techniques et de sécurité soulevées depuis la publication de la troisième édition;
- c) le domaine d'application de cette quatrième édition diffère de celui de la troisième édition. Il inclut désormais les appareils à laser de CLASSE 1C, tels que définis dans l'IEC 60825-1:2014, alors que le LASER ENFERME est un laser de CLASSE 3B ou 4;
- d) Les appareils à LED (diode électroluminescente) sont à présent exclus du présent document étant donné que les appareils médicaux à LED peuvent être couverts par l'IEC 60601-2-57.

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

CDV	Rapport de vote
76/580/CDV	76/610/RVC

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à l'approbation de cette Norme internationale.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2.

Dans le présent document, les caractères d'imprimerie suivants sont utilisés:

- exigences et définitions: caractères romains;
- *modalités d'essais: caractères italiques;*
- les indications de nature informative apparaissant hors des tableaux, comme les notes, les exemples et les références: petits caractères. Le texte normatif à l'intérieur des tableaux est également en petits caractères.
- LES TERMES DEFINIS A L'ARTICLE 3 DE LA NORME GENERALE, DE LA PRESENTE NORME PARTICULIERE OU COMME NOTES: PETITES MAJUSCULES.

Concernant la structure du présent document, le terme:

- "article" désigne l'une des dix-sept sections numérotées dans le sommaire, avec toutes ses subdivisions (par exemple, l'Article 7 inclut les paragraphes 7.1, 7.2, etc.);
- "paragraphe" désigne une subdivision numérotée d'un article (par exemple, 7.1, 7.2 et 7.2.1 sont tous des paragraphes appartenant à l'Article 7).

Dans le présent document, les références à des articles sont précédées du mot "Article" suivi du numéro de l'article concerné. Dans le présent document, les références aux paragraphes utilisent uniquement le numéro du paragraphe concerné.

Dans le présent document, la conjonction "ou" est utilisée avec la valeur d'un "ou inclusif", ainsi un énoncé est vrai si une combinaison des conditions, quelle qu'elle soit, est vraie.

Les formes verbales utilisées dans le présent document sont conformes à l'usage donné à l'Article 7 des Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2:2018. Pour les besoins du présent document:

- "devoir" mis au présent de l'indicatif signifie que la satisfaction à une exigence ou à un essai est obligatoire pour la conformité au présent document;
- "il convient/il est recommandé" signifie que la satisfaction à une exigence ou à un essai est recommandée mais n'est pas obligatoire pour la conformité au présent document;
- "pouvoir" mis au présent de l'indicatif est utilisé pour décrire un moyen admissible pour satisfaire à une exigence ou à un essai.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 60601 et IEC 80601, publiées sous le titre général: Appareils électromédicaux, peut être consultée sur le site web de l'IEC.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" dans les données relatives au document recherché. A cette date, le document sera

- reconduit,
- supprimé,
- remplacé par une édition révisée, ou
- amendé.

INTRODUCTION

Le présent document modifie et complète l'IEC 60601-1:2005 et l'IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012, *Appareils électromédicaux – Partie 1: Exigences générales pour la sécurité de base et les performances essentielles*.

Le présent document fait également référence à l'IEC 60825-1:2014. Les exigences du présent document sont considérées comme les exigences minimales permettant d'obtenir un niveau raisonnable de sécurité et de fiabilité d'un appareil médical à laser pendant son fonctionnement et son application.

Lorsqu'un astérisque (*) est utilisé comme premier caractère devant un titre, au début d'un titre d'alinéa ou de tableau, il indique l'existence de recommandations ou d'une justification à consulter à l'Annexe AA. La connaissance des raisons qui ont conduit à ces exigences facilitera non seulement l'application correcte du présent document, mais accélérera, en temps voulu, toute révision rendue nécessaire par des changements dans la pratique clinique ou par suite des développements technologiques.

APPAREILS ELECTROMEDICAUX –

Partie 2-22: Exigences particulières pour la sécurité de base et les performances essentielles des appareils chirurgicaux, esthétiques, thérapeutiques et de diagnostic à laser

201.1 Domaine d'application, objet et normes connexes

L'Article 1 de la norme générale¹ s'applique, avec les exceptions suivantes:

201.1.1 Domaine d'application

Remplacement:

La présente partie de l'IEC 60601 s'applique à la SECURITE DE BASE et aux PERFORMANCES ESSENTIELLES des appareils à laser pour applications chirurgicales, thérapeutiques, de diagnostic médical, esthétiques ou vétérinaires destinés à être utilisés sur les personnes ou les animaux; ils sont classés comme APPAREILS A LASER DE CLASSE 1C, le LASER ENFERME étant de CLASSE 3B ou 4, ou de CLASSE 3B, ou de CLASSE 4.

LES APPAREILS ELECTROMEDICAUX ou les SYSTEMES ELECTROMEDICAUX intégrant des lasers comme sources d'énergie transférées au PATIENT ou à l'animal, les lasers étant conformes aux spécifications ci-dessus, sont désignés par le terme "appareils à laser" dans le présent document.

NOTE 1 Les APPAREILS A LASER pour ces applications, classés APPAREILS A LASER de Classe 1, Classe 1M, CLASSE 2, Classe 2M ou CLASSE 3R, sont couverts par l'IEC 60825-1:2014 et par la norme générale.

Si un article ou un paragraphe est spécifiquement destiné à être applicable uniquement aux APPAREILS EM ou uniquement aux SYSTEMES EM, le titre et le contenu de cet article ou de ce paragraphe l'indiquent. Si cela n'est pas le cas, l'article ou le paragraphe s'applique aux APPAREILS EM et aux SYSTEMES EM, selon le cas.

Les DANGERS inhérents à la fonction physiologique prévue des appareils à laser dans le cadre du domaine d'application du présent document ne sont pas couverts par des exigences spécifiques contenues dans le présent document à l'exception de 7.2.13, Effets physiologiques, de la norme générale.

NOTE 2 Voir également 4.2, Processus de GESTION DES RISQUES, de la norme générale.

NOTE 3 Si les appareils à laser sont de la CLASSE 1C selon l'IEC 60825-1:2014 et sont utilisés en tant qu'appareil à laser pour un usage domestique, ils sont couverts par l'IEC 60335-2-113:2016.

201.1.2 Objet

Remplacement:

L'objet du présent document est d'établir les exigences particulières pour la SECURITE DE BASE et les PERFORMANCES ESSENTIELLES des appareils chirurgicaux, esthétiques, thérapeutiques et de diagnostic à laser.

¹ Dans le présent document, "la norme générale" signifie l'IEC 60601-1:2005 et l'IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012.

201.1.3 Normes collatérales

Addition:

Le présent document fait référence aux normes collatérales applicables qui sont données à l'Article 2 de la norme générale et l'Article 201.2 du présent document.

201.1.4 Normes particulières

Addition:

Pour plus de concision, l'IEC 60601-1:2005 et l'IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012 sont désignées dans le présent document par "norme générale". Les normes collatérales sont citées par leur numéro de document.

La numérotation des sections, articles et paragraphes du présent document correspond à celle de la norme générale ou à celle de la norme collatérale applicable. Les modifications apportées au texte de la norme générale sont précisées en utilisant les termes suivants:

“Remplacement” signifie que l'article ou le paragraphe de la norme générale ou de la norme collatérale applicable est remplacé en totalité par le texte du présent document.

"Addition" signifie que le texte du présent document est un complément aux exigences de la norme générale ou de la norme collatérale applicable.

“Amendement” signifie que l'article ou le paragraphe de la norme générale ou de la norme collatérale applicable est modifié comme indiqué par le texte du présent document.

Les paragraphes ou figures ajoutés à la norme générale sont numérotés à partir de 201.101, les annexes complémentaires notées AA, BB, etc., et les points complémentaires aa), bb), etc.

Les paragraphes ou figures ajoutés à la norme collatérale sont numérotés à partir de 20x, où “x” est le numéro de la norme collatérale, par exemple, 202 pour l'IEC 60601-1-2, 203 pour l'IEC 60601-1-3, etc.

L'expression “le présent document” est utilisée pour se référer à la norme générale, à toute norme collatérale applicable et au présent document considérés ensemble.

Si le présent document ne comprend pas de section, d'article ou de paragraphe correspondant, la section, l'article ou le paragraphe de la norme générale ou de la norme collatérale applicable, qui peut être sans objet, s'applique sans modification; lorsqu'il est prévu qu'une partie quelconque de la norme générale ou de la norme collatérale applicable, bien qu'éventuellement pertinente, ne s'applique pas, cela est expressément mentionné dans le présent document.

En ce qui concerne la sécurité du rayonnement laser des appareils à laser, l'IEC 60825-1:2014 s'applique, sauf pour les exigences appropriées qui sont spécifiées, modifiées ou corrigées dans le présent document.

201.2 Références normatives

L'Article 2 de la norme générale s'applique, avec l'exception suivante:

Addition:

IEC 60601-1:2005, *Appareils électromédicaux – Partie 1: Exigences générales pour la sécurité de base et les performances essentielles*
IEC 60601-1:2005/AMD1:2012

IEC 60825-1:2014, *Sécurité des appareils à laser – Partie 1: Classification des matériels et exigences*