

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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## Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) –

### Part 6: Narrowband direct-printing telegraph equipment for the reception of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships (NAVTEX)

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## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	7
1 Scope.....	8
2 Normative references .....	8
3 Definitions and abbreviations.....	9
3.1 Definitions .....	9
3.2 Abbreviations .....	9
4 Performance requirements .....	10
4.1 General .....	10
4.2 General characteristics.....	10
4.3 Specific characteristics.....	11
4.4 Interfaces .....	13
4.5 Receiver.....	14
4.6 Display.....	14
4.7 Integral printer.....	16
4.8 NAVTEX message memory .....	16
4.9 Power supplies.....	17
4.10 Source of UTC .....	17
5 Test conditions .....	18
5.1 General.....	18
5.2 Performance test.....	19
5.3 Performance check.....	19
5.4 Normal and extreme conditions .....	19
5.5 Standard test signal .....	20
5.6 Standard test file.....	21
5.7 Arrangement for test signal applied to the receiver input .....	21
5.8 Artificial antennas.....	21
5.9 Measurement uncertainty .....	21
5.10 Interpretations of measurement results.....	22
5.11 Conducted and radiated RF immunity tests exclusion bands.....	22
5.12 Narrow band responses on receivers.....	22
6 Environmental tests required .....	22
7 Serial interface tests.....	23
7.1 INS input electrical tests.....	23
7.2 INS input performance tests .....	23
7.3 INS output electrical tests.....	23
7.4 INS output performance tests .....	23
7.5 Printer output electrical tests.....	23
7.6 Printer output performance tests .....	24
8 General and signal processing tests .....	24
8.1 Exclusion of stations .....	24
8.2 Exclusion of message categories.....	24
8.3 Receiver test facility.....	25
8.4 Search and rescue (SAR) alarm provision and reset.....	25
8.5 Additional alarms.....	25

9	Receiver tests .....	25
9.1	Call sensitivity .....	26
9.2	Interference rejection and blocking immunity .....	26
9.3	Co-channel rejection .....	27
9.4	Intermodulation .....	27
9.5	Off-frequency transmitter .....	28
9.6	Simultaneous operation on several receive frequencies.....	28
9.7	Protection of input circuits .....	28
10	Printer tests.....	29
10.1	Basic requirements.....	29
10.2	Paper roll end alarm and storage inhibition.....	29
10.3	Automatic line feed indication and paper feed .....	29
10.4	Mutilated character indication.....	30
10.5	Tests of technical characteristics (ITU-R Recommendation M.540).....	30
11	Memory tests.....	31
11.1	Internal storage, message tagging and erasure of oldest message identifications .....	31
11.2	Erasure of message identifications/storage time .....	32
11.3	Storage of message identifications .....	33
11.4	Reception of messages with character errors .....	33
11.5	Unsatisfactory reception .....	34
11.6	Power-off check .....	34
11.7	Brown-out test.....	35
11.8	UTC handling check .....	35
12	Miscellaneous tests .....	36
12.1	Spurious emissions .....	36
12.2	Equipment manuals – checks of the manufacturer's documentation.....	36
12.3	Marking and identification.....	36
Annex A (informative) Block diagrams of NAVTEX systems .....		37
Annex B (normative) Definition of satisfactory reception of a message.....		39
Annex C (informative) IEC 61162 sentences for NAVTEX operation.....		40
Annex D (normative) Manufacturer's declarations/equipment manual.....		43
Figure A.1 – EUT with an integral printing device.....		37
Figure A.2 – EUT with an integral display device .....		37
Figure A.3 – EUT black box receiver.....		38
Table 1 – Alarm conditions signaled using the ALR sentence formatter.....		13
Table 2 – Extreme power supply variation.....		19
Table 3 – Unwanted signal levels.....		26
Table 4 – Intermodulation frequency pairs .....		27

## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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### **GLOBAL MARITIME DISTRESS AND SAFETY SYSTEM (GMDSS) –**

### **Part 6: Narrowband direct-printing telegraph equipment for the reception of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships (NAVTEX)**

#### FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61097-6 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 80: Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1995. This edition constitutes a technical revision. This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- insertion of requirements and tests for memory within the NAVTEX;
- insertion of requirements and test for interfaces;
- improved receiver performance.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
80/419/FDIS	80/424/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

IEC 61097 consists of the following parts under the general title *Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS)*:

- Part 1: Radar transponder – Marine search and rescue (SART) – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 2: COSPAS-SARSAT EPIRB – Satellite emergency position indicating radio beacon operating on 406 MHz – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 3: Digital selective calling (DSC) equipment – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required testing results
- Part 4: INMARSAT-C ship earth station and INMARSAT enhanced group call (EGC) equipment – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 5: Inmarsat-E – Emergency position indicating radio beacon (EPIRB) operating through the Inmarsat system – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 6: Narrowband direct-printing telegraph equipment for the reception of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships (NAVTEX)
- Part 7: Shipborne VHF radiotelephone transmitter and receiver – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 8: Shipborne watchkeeping receivers for the reception of digital selective calling (DSC) in the maritime MF, MF/HF and VHF bands – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 9: Shipborne transmitters and receivers for use in the MF and HF bands suitable for telephony, digital selective calling (DSC) and narrow band direct printing (NBDP) – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 10: Inmarsat-B ship earth station equipment – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 12: Survival craft portable two-way VHF radiotelephone apparatus – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 13: Inmarsat F77 ship earth station equipment – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be either

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

## INTRODUCTION

NAVTEX provides shipping with navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information by automatic display and/or print out from a dedicated receiver.

NAVTEX is a component of the IMO/IHO World-Wide Navigational Warning Service (WWNWS) defined by IMO Assembly Resolution A.706(17), as amended, and the WMO Manual on Marine Meteorological Services, Part *Ibis*, Provision of warnings and weather and sea bulletins (GMDSS application). It has been included as an element of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS).

The original NAVTEX specification allowed for equipment with integral printers and precluded the fitting of equipment which relied on other ways of recording and displaying NAVTEX data. The use of Liquid Crystal Displays and other Visual Display Units is now ubiquitous on ships' bridges and this revision of the specification allows for their use in displaying NAVTEX data.

As a result of the final cessation of the distress watch on 500 kHz in 1999 the frequency 490 kHz became available for use as a national NAVTEX channel and this has now been widely implemented around the world. This NAVTEX specification therefore requires simultaneous operation on an additional channel to the international channel of 518 kHz.

IMO Resolution MSC.148(77) states that the equipment should comprise radio receivers, a signal processor and:

- a) an integrated printing device; or
- b) a dedicated display device, printer output port and a non-volatile message memory; or
- c) a connection to an integrated navigation system and a non-volatile message memory.

## GLOBAL MARITIME DISTRESS AND SAFETY SYSTEM (GMDSS) –

### Part 6: Narrowband direct-printing telegraph equipment for the reception of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships (NAVTEX)

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61097 specifies the minimum performance requirements, technical characteristics and type-testing requirements for narrowband telegraph equipment for the reception of navigational and meteorological information as required by Regulation IV/7.1.4 of the 1988 amendments to the 1974 International Convention for Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), and which is associated with IEC 60945. When a requirement in this standard is different from IEC 60945, the requirement in this standard takes precedence.

This standard incorporates the performance standards of IMO Resolution MSC.148(77), the technical characteristics of ITU-R Recommendation M.540, takes account of the IMO Resolution A.694(17) and conforms with the ITU Radio Regulations where applicable.

All text of this standard, whose meaning is identical to that in IMO Resolution MSC.148(77) and ITU-R Recommendation M.540 will be printed in *italics* and the Resolution/Recommendation and paragraph number indicated between brackets.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60945, *Marine navigation and radio communication equipment – General requirements – Methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61162-1, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces – Part 1: Single talker and multiple listeners*

IEC 61162-2, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces – Part 2: Single talker and multiple listeners, high-speed transmission*

IMO *Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) Convention* (1974), as amended (GMDSS)

IMO Resolution A.694(17) (1991) *General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) and for electronic navigational aids*

IMO Resolution MSC.148(77) (2003) *Revised performance standards for narrow-band direct-printing telegraph equipment for the reception of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships (NAVTEX)*

IMO Publication – *NAVTEX Manual*

IMO Resolution MSC/Circ.1122 *Adoption of the revised NAVTEX manual*

ITU-R Recommendation M.540-2:1990, *Operational and technical characteristics for an automated direct printing telegraph system for promulgation of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships*

ITU-R Recommendation M.625-3:1995, *Direct-printing telegraph equipment employing automatic identification in the maritime mobile service*