



INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Specification for the testing of balanced and coaxial information technology cabling –
Part 1: Installed balanced cabling as specified in ISO/IEC 11801 and related standards**

INTERNATIONAL
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COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

SPECIFICATION FOR THE TESTING OF BALANCED AND COAXIAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CABLING –

Part 1: Installed balanced cabling as specified in ISO/IEC 11801 and related standards

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 61935-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 46: Cables, wires, waveguides, R.F. connectors, R.F. and microwave passive components and accessories.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition, published in 2009, and constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) the upper frequency goes up to 1 000 MHz;
- b) test methods are now included for exogenous (alien) crosstalk;
- c) a new Annex A has been added for uncertainty and variability of field test results.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
46/574/FDIS	46/587/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61935 series, published under the general title *Specification for the testing of balanced and coaxial information technology cabling*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

Telecommunication cabling, once specified uniquely by each telecommunications application, has evolved into a generic cabling system. Telecommunications applications now use the ISO/IEC 11801 cabling standard to meet their cabling requirements. Formerly, connectivity tests and visual inspection were deemed sufficient to verify a cabling installation. Now users need more comprehensive testing in order to ensure that the link will support telecommunications applications that are designed to operate on the generic cabling system. This part of IEC 61935 addresses reference laboratory and field test methods and provides a comparison of these methods.

Transmission performance depends on cable characteristics, connecting hardware, patch cords and cross-connect cabling, the total number of connections and the care with which they are installed and maintained. This standard provides test methods for installed cabling and pre-fabricated cable assemblies. These test methods, where appropriate, are based on those used for components of the cable assembly.

This Part 1 contains the test methods required for installed cabling. Part 2 contains the test methods required for patch cords and work area cords.

SPECIFICATION FOR THE TESTING OF BALANCED AND COAXIAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CABLING –

Part 1: Installed balanced cabling as specified in ISO/IEC 11801 and related standards

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61935 specifies reference measurement procedures for cabling parameters and the requirements for field tester accuracy to measure cabling parameters identified in ISO/IEC 11801. References in this standard to ISO/IEC 11801 mean ISO/IEC 11801 or equivalent cabling standards.

This International Standard applies when the cable assemblies are constructed of cables complying with the IEC 61156 family of standards, and connecting hardware as specified in the IEC 60603-7 family of standards or IEC 61076-3-104, IEC 61076-3-110, IEC 61076-2-101 and IEC 61076-2-109. Where cables and/or connectors do not comply with these standards, then additional tests may be required.

This standard is organized as follows:

- reference laboratory measurement procedures on cabling topologies are specified in Clause 4. In some cases, these procedures may be used in the field (see IEC TR 61156-1-2:2009/AMD1:2014);
- descriptions and requirements for measurements in the field are specified in Clause 5;
- performance requirements for field testers and procedures to verify performance are specified in Clause 6.

NOTE 1 This standard does not include tests that are normally performed on the cables and connectors separately. These tests are described in IEC 61156-1 and IEC 60603-7 or IEC 61076-3-104, IEC 61076-3-110, IEC 61076-2-101 and IEC 61076-2-109, respectively.

NOTE 2 Users of this standard are advised to consult with applications standards, equipment manufacturers and system integrators to determine the suitability of these requirements for specific networking applications.

It is assumed that cables and connectors used in cable assemblies, even if they are not described in IEC 61156 or IEC 60603-7, IEC 61076-3-104, IEC 61076-3-110, IEC 61076-2-101 and IEC 61076-2-109, are tested separately according to the tests given in the relevant generic specification.

This standard relates to performance with respect to 100 Ω cabling. For 120 Ω or 150 Ω cabling, the same principles apply but the measurement system should correspond to the nominal impedance level.

Field tester types include certification, qualification and verification. Certification testing is performed for the rigorous needs of commercial/industrial buildings to this standard. Qualification testing is described in IEC 61935-3. Qualification testing determines whether the cabling will support certain network technologies (e.g. 1000BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, 10G Base-T). Qualification testers do not have traceable accuracy to national standards and provide confidence that specific applications will work. Verification testers only verify connectivity.

Throughout this standard, 4-pair cabling is assumed. The test procedures described in this standard may also be used to evaluate two pair balanced cabling. However, 2-pair cabling links that share the same sheath with other links shall be tested as 4-pair cabling.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60169-15, *Radio-frequency connectors – Part 15: R.F. coaxial connectors with inner diameter of outer conductor 4.13 mm (0.163 in) with screw coupling – Characteristic impedance 50 ohms (Type SMA)*

IEC 60169-22, *Radio-frequency connectors – Part 22: R.F. two-pole bayonet coupled connectors for use with shielded balanced cables having twin inner conductors (Type BNO)*

IEC 60512-25-9, *Connectors for electronic equipment – Tests and measurements – Part 25-9: Signal integrity tests – Test 25i: Alien crosstalk*

IEC 60603-7 (all parts), *Connectors for electronic equipment – Part 7: Detail specification for connectors, 8-way, including fixed and free connectors with common mating features, with assessed quality*

IEC 60603-7-7, *Connectors for electronic equipment - Part 7-7: Detail specification for 8-way, shielded, free and fixed connectors for data transmission with frequencies up to 600 MHz*

IEC 60603-7-71, *Connectors for electronic equipment – Part 7-71: Detail specification for 8-way, shielded, free and fixed connectors, for data transmission with frequencies up to 1 000 MHz*

IEC 61076-3-104, *Connectors for electronic equipment – Product requirements – Part 3-104: Detail specification for 8-way, shielded free and fixed connectors for data transmissions with frequencies up to 1 000 MHz*

IEC TR 61156-1-2:2009, *Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications - Part 1-2: Electrical transmission characteristics and test methods of symmetrical pair/quad cables*

IEC TR 61156-1-2:2009/AMD1:2014

IEC 61169-16, *Radio-frequency connectors – Sectional specification – RF coaxial connectors with inner diameter of outer conductor 7 mm (0,276 in) with screw coupling – Characteristics impedance 50 Ω (75 Ω) type N*

IEC 62153-4-11, *Metallic communication cable test methods - Part 4-11: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Coupling attenuation or screening attenuation of patch cords, coaxial cable assemblies, pre-connectorized cables - Absorbing clamp method*

ISO/IEC 11801, *Information technology – Generic cabling for customer premises*

ISO/IEC 14763-1, *Information technology – Implementation and operation of customer premises cabling – Part 1: Administration*

ISO 14763-2, *Information technology – Implementation and operation of customer premises cabling – Part 2: Planning and installation*

ITU-T Recommendation G.117:1996, *Transmission aspects of unbalance about earth*

ITU-T Recommendation O.9:1999, *Measuring arrangements to assess the degree of unbalance about earth*