

This is a preview - click here to buy the full publication



IEC 62002-1

Edition 2.0 2008-05

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Mobile and portable DVB-T/H radio access –
Part 1: Interface specification**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

PRICE CODE **XB**

ICS 33.170

ISBN 2-8318-9750-5

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	6
1 Scope.....	8
2 Normative references	8
3 Abbreviations	9
4 Terminal categories	11
5 Definition of receiving conditions	12
5.1 Portable reception	12
5.2 Mobile reception.....	12
6 Frequencies and channel bandwidths	13
6.1 Channel frequencies	13
6.2 Supported frequency ranges.....	13
6.3 Supported bandwidths	14
7 DVB-T/H modes	14
7.1 Supported DVB-T/H modes	14
7.2 Change of modulation parameters	14
7.3 Tuning procedure	14
8 Transmitter performance	15
8.1 Transmitter noise-like impairments.....	15
8.1.1 Noise-like processes	15
8.2 Further transmitter impairments.....	16
8.2.1 Group delay errors	16
8.2.2 Phase noise in OFDM systems	17
8.2.3 OFDM clock frequency	17
8.3 Spectrum masks.....	17
8.3.1 DVB-T signals (general)	17
8.3.2 DVB-T signals (critical cases).....	18
8.3.3 DVB-T signals (DVB-T in adjacent channel).....	18
9 Receiver antenna characteristics	18
9.1 Antennas for terminal category a	18
9.2 Antennas for terminal category b1	18
9.3 Antennas for terminal category b2 and c	19
9.4 External antennas	20
9.4.1 General	20
9.4.2 External antennas for terminal category b2 and c	20
9.4.3 External antenna connector	20
10 Receiver performance	21
10.1 Reference model	21
10.2 Noise model	22
10.3 Degradation criteria.....	24
10.4 Diversity receivers.....	25
10.5 DVB-H receivers.....	26
10.6 Channel models	27
10.6.1 DVB-T Rayleigh channel (P_1).....	27
10.6.2 Portable indoor (PI) and outdoor (PO) channels	27
10.6.3 Mobile reception	29

10.7	<i>C/N</i> performance	34
10.7.1	<i>C/N</i> performance in Gaussian channel	34
10.7.2	<i>C/N</i> performance in DVB-T Rayleigh channel (P_1)	34
10.7.3	<i>C/N</i> Performance in portable indoor (PI) and portable outdoor (PO) channels	35
10.7.4	DVB-T <i>C/N</i> performance in mobile channels for terminal class a	36
10.7.5	DVB-H <i>C/N</i> performance in mobile channels	37
10.8	Receiver minimum and maximum signal input levels	38
10.8.1	Noise floor	38
10.8.2	Minimum input levels (sensitivity)	39
10.8.3	Total maximum power for wanted and unwanted signals	39
10.8.4	Maximum input levels for wanted and unwanted signals	39
10.9	Immunity to analogue and/or digital signals in other channels	40
10.9.1	General	40
10.9.2	Interfering signal definitions	41
10.9.3	Selectivity patterns	42
10.9.4	Linearity patterns	42
10.9.5	Immunity to pattern S1	43
10.9.6	Immunity to pattern S2	44
10.9.7	Immunity to pattern L1	45
10.9.8	Immunity to pattern L2	46
10.9.9	Immunity to pattern L3	47
10.9.10	Immunity to pattern L4	48
10.10	Immunity to co-channel interference from analogue TV signals	49
10.11	Guard interval utilization	49
10.11.1	Performance with echo within guard interval	49
10.11.2	Performance with echo outside guard interval	50
10.12	Tolerance to impulse interference	52
10.12.1	General	52
10.12.2	Test patterns	52
10.13	EMC characteristics	54
10.13.1	Terminal category c	54
10.13.2	Terminal category a and b	54
11	Interoperability with other radio systems	54
11.1	Cellular radios	54
11.1.1	General	54
11.1.2	Cellular radio uplink wanted signal interference to DVB-T/H receiver	56
11.1.3	Cellular radio uplink unwanted signal interference to DVB-T/H receiver	57
11.2	DVB-RCT	58
Annex A (informative)	Active external antennas and system noise floor	59
Annex B (informative)	An example of <i>C/N</i> -performance with a practical transmitter	63
Annex C (informative)	Multipath reception in a DVB-T system	64
Bibliography	68
Figure 1 – Reference model	22
Figure 2 – Noise model	23
Figure 3 – Antenna diversity receiver	26

Figure 4 – Receiver behaviour in a mobile channel	30
Figure 5 – DVB-H reference receiver C/N behaviour in mobile channel	31
Figure 6 – Mobile SFN synchronisation test channel for weak long echo	32
Figure 7 – Mobile SFN synchronisation test channel for strong long echo	33
Figure 8 – Mobile SFN synchronisation test channel for strong short echo	33
Figure 9 – PAL interfering signals	41
Figure 10 – SECAM L interfering signal	42
Figure 11 – Pattern S1 in case of $N+1$ or $N-1$	43
Figure 12 – Pattern S2 in case of $N + 1$ or $N - 1$	44
Figure 13 – Pattern L1	45
Figure 14 – Pattern L2	46
Figure 15 – Pattern L3	47
Figure 16 – Pattern L4	49
Figure 17 – Echo outside guard interval mask.....	50
Figure 18 – Mask for echo outside GI for $GI = 1/4$	52
Figure 19 – Definition of the impulse interference test pattern.....	53
Figure 20 – Terminal architectures.....	55
Figure 21 – Frequency bands	56
Figure 22 – GSM Tx block diagram	57
Figure 23 – Tx PA-noise mask in DVB-T/H receiver input.....	58
Figure A.1 – System noise floor versus receiver noise figure for different levels of man-made-noise F_a relative to T_0	62
Figure C.1 – Theoretical limits of out of guard delay	64
Figure C.2 – DVB-T model – Splitting of the signal power into contributing and interfering components	65
Figure C.3 – Theoretical echo power profile for 8k, 64QAM, 2/3.....	67
Table 1 – Supported frequency ranges	14
Table 2 – Conversion of MER to END	16
Table 3 – Typical antenna gain for terminal category b2 and c.....	19
Table 4 – Specification for optional antenna supply	21
Table 5 – Modulation versus implementation margin	23
Table 6 – Delta values between picture failure point and reference BER	25
Table 7 – Approximation of the DVB-T specified Rayleigh channel.....	27
Table 8 – Doppler spectrum definitions for PI and PO channels	28
Table 9 – Definition of PI channel	28
Table 10 – Definition of PO channel.....	28
Table 11 – Typical urban profile (TU6) constitution	29
Table 12 – Mobile SFN synchronisation test channel for weak long echo	31
Table 13 – Mobile SFN synchronisation test channel for strong long echo	32
Table 14 – Mobile SFN synchronisation test channel for strong short echo	33
Table 15 – DVB-T C/N (dB) for reference BER in Gaussian channel	34
Table 16 – DVB-H C/N (dB) for 5% $MFER$ in Gaussian channel.....	34
Table 17 – C/N (dB) for reference BER in DVB-T Rayleigh channel (P_1)	35

Table 18 – C/N (dB) for 5 % $MFER$ in portable channel.....	35
Table 19 – C/N (dB) for 5 % ESR in PI and PO channel	35
Table 20 – C/N (dB) for 5 % $MFER$ in PI and PO channel	36
Table 21 – C/N (dB) for 5 % ESR in mobile channels for single antenna receiver	37
Table 22 – C/N (dB) for ESR 5 % in mobile channels for diversity receiver.....	37
Table 23 – DVB-H C/N (dB) in mobile channel for 5 % $MFER$	38
Table 24 – Maximum input levels for terminal category a and b1.....	40
Table 25 – Maximum input levels for terminal category b2 and c.....	40
Table 26 – Immunity to pattern S1 for DVB-T.....	43
Table 27 – Immunity to pattern S1 for DVB-H.....	43
Table 28 – Immunity to pattern S2 for DVB-T.....	44
Table 29 – Immunity to pattern S2 for DVB-H.....	45
Table 30 – Immunity to pattern L1 for DVB-T	45
Table 31 – Immunity to pattern L1 for DVB-H.....	46
Table 32 – Immunity to pattern L2 for DVB-T	46
Table 33 – Immunity to pattern L2 for DVB-H.....	47
Table 34 – Immunity to pattern L3 for DVB-T	47
Table 35 – Immunity to pattern L3 for DVB-H.....	48
Table 36 – Immunity to Pattern L4 for DVB-T.....	48
Table 37 – Immunity to Pattern L4 for DVB-H.....	48
Table 38 – Immunity to co-channel interference from analogue signals for DVB-T	49
Table 39 – Immunity to co-channel interference from analogue signals for DVB-H	49
Table 40 – C/N for echo within guard interval.....	50
Table 41 – Timing of the corner point T_c	51
Table 42 – Definition of the value Δ	51
Table 43 – Definition of the inflection point	51
Table 44 – Impulse interference test patterns	53
Table 45 – Cellular interferer frequency ranges.....	56
Table A.1 – Noise floor values	61
Table B.1 – C/N (dB) for reference BER	63

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MOBILE AND PORTABLE DVB-T/H RADIO ACCESS –

Part 1: Interface specification

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62002-1 has been prepared by technical area 1: Terminals for audio, video and data services and content, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition, published in 2005 and constitutes a technical revision.

The main changes with respect to the previous edition are listed below.

- DVB-H has been included as a part of the main specification.
- All the performance figures have been revised as new simulation results have been made available as well as new reference receivers for DVB-H have been developed.
- DVB-H now includes all the different MPE-FEC code rates.
- New portable indoor and portable outdoor channel models have been included as well as performance figures for those.
- A new 2x TU-6 mobile SFN test channel has been included.

- A new L4 linearity pattern has been added.
- Dedicated performance figures for DVB-H for S1, S2, L1 to L4 interference patterns have been included.
- A new GSM-interference measurement method has been added.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
100/1289/CDV	100/1381/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62002 series, under the general title *Mobile and portable DVB-T/H radio access*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

The contents of the corrigendum of July 2008 have been included in this copy.

MOBILE AND PORTABLE DVB-T/H RADIO ACCESS –

Part 1: Interface specification

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62002 is a radio access specification for mobile, portable and hand-held portable devices capable of receiving DVB-T/H services. It includes informative system aspects as well as specifications for minimum RF-performance. It covers terminals in three main classes, namely integrated car terminals, portable digital TV sets and hand-held portable convergence terminals. Interoperability with integrated cellular radios is also considered. The specification covers the following areas.

- Frequency ranges
- Supported modes
- Definition of receiving conditions
- Definition of the receiver RF-reference model
- Definition of degradation criteria
- Antenna characteristics
- Channel models
- *C/N*-performance with different channels
- Minimum and maximum input levels
- Immunity to interfering signals
- Definition of an ensemble of interference patterns
- Tolerance to impulse interference
- SFN-performance
- Transmitter minimum performance
- Interoperability of cellular radios
- EMC aspects

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

CISPR 13, *Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement*

CISPR 20, *Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment – Immunity characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement*

IEC 60169-2, *Radio-frequency connectors – Part 2: Coaxial unmatched connector*

ETSI EN 300 744:2007, *Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Framing structure, Channel coding and modulation for digital terrestrial television, V1.5.2*

ETSI ETS 300 342-1, *Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for European digital cellular telecommunications system (GSM 900 MHz and DCS 1 800 MHz); Part 1: Mobile and portable radio and ancillary equipment*

ETSI EN 300 607-1, *Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM) – Mobile Station (MS) conformance specification – Part 1: Conformance specification*

ETSI EN 302 304:2004, *Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Transmission System for Handheld Terminals (DVB-H), V1.1.1*

ETSI TR 101 190 V1.2.2, *Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Implementation guidelines for DVB terrestrial services; Transmission aspects*

ITU-R BT.1701-1, *Characteristics of radiated signals of conventional analogue television systems*