

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Methods of measurement for radio transmitters – Part 1: Performance characteristics of terrestrial digital television transmitters

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METHODS OF MEASUREMENT FOR RADIO TRANSMITTERS –

Part 1: Performance characteristics of terrestrial digital television transmitters

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62273-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 103: Transmitting equipment for radio communication

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
103/63/FDIS	103/65/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The list of all the publications of the IEC 62273 series, under the general title *Methods of measurement for radio transmitters*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual edition of this document may be issued at a later date.

METHODS OF MEASUREMENT FOR RADIO TRANSMITTERS –

Part 1: Performance characteristics of terrestrial digital television transmitters

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62273 gives the conditions for measuring the performance parameters of terrestrial digital transmitters and for facilitating the comparison of measurements which are carried out by different personnel. It contains details of specially selected methods for determining the most important performance parameters of digital transmitters. The measurement methods described apply to a limited number of performance parameters, i.e. those which can give rise to ambiguous interpretation due to the use of different methods and conditions. They are neither restrictive nor mandatory: measurements can be chosen for each particular case. If necessary, additional tests can be carried out but they shall comply with those standards which have been established by other study groups, subcommittees of the IEC or other international or suitably accredited organizations.

No limits have been assigned to quantify acceptable ranges of performance parameters. These are judged to be properly included in the technical specifications for individual transmitters; however, the terms and the manner used to quantify them should ideally be those described in a future IEC publication.

The measurement methods described in this standard are intended for type approval tests. However they can equally well apply to acceptance tests measurements and quality control tests either in factories or on site.

Test signals are used to measure performance parameters for both digital and analogue terrestrial transmitters. Their electronic characteristics and their associated performance parameters are widely understood. The test signals are measured after they have gone through the transmitter equipment to determine if their degradation is within the required quality criteria.

This standard does not go into any detail regarding MPEG 2 signals or DVB processes nor does it deal with digital signal processing.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60215, *Safety requirements for radio transmitting equipment*

IEC 60244-1, *Methods of measurement for radio transmitters – Part 1: General characteristics for broadcast transmitters*

ITU-R Recommendation BT.1306-3, *Error correction, data framing, modulation and emission methods for digital terrestrial television broadcasting.*

ITU-R:2004, *Radio Regulations*

ETS 30 0744, *Digital video broadcasting – Framing structure, channel coding and modulation for digital terrestrial television.*

ETSI 101 290, *Digital video broadcasting (DVB) – Measurement guidelines for DVB system*