

IEC 62807-3-10

Edition 1.0 2023-02

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Hybrid communication cables – Part 3-10: Outdoor hybrid cables – Family specification for FTTA hybrid communication cables

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 33.120.20 ISBN 978-2-8322-6526-0

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

### – 2 –

## **CONTENTS**

F	DREWO	RD	4
1	Scop	e	6
2	Norm	ative references	6
3	Term	s, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms	7
4		gn and construction	
	4.1	General	
	4.2	Optical fibre elements	
	4.3	Current carrying elements	
	4.4	Strength member	
	4.5	Filler	
	4.6	Yarn	
	4.7	Tape	
	4.8	Ripcord	
	4.9	Screen and/or shield	
	4.10	Moisture barrier	
	4.11	Inner sheath	
	4.12	Armouring	
	4.13	Outer sheath	
	4.14	Sheath marking	
5		d values and characteristics	
Ü	5.1	Minimum bending radius for installation	
	5.1	Temperature range	
	5.3	Rated voltages	
6		irements and test methods	
U	•		
	6.1	General	
	6.2	Construction and length inspection	
	6.2.1	Construction	
	6.2.2	3 ,	
	6.3 6.4	Optical transmission requirements for cabled optical fibre  Electrical requirements	
	6.4.1	Conductor DC resistance	
	6.4.2		
	6.4.3	-	
	6.5	Mechanical requirements	
	6.5.1	General	
	6.5.2		
	6.5.3	·	
	6.5.4		
	6.5.5	•	
	6.5.6		
	6.5.7		
	6.5.8		
	6.6	Environmental requirements	
	6.6.1	Temperature cycling	
	6.6.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7		aging	
•	. 401		

8 Quality assurance	17
Annex A (informative) MICE classification system and its use in this specification	19
A.1 MICE classification system	19
A.2 MICE classification and its application in this specification	19
Annex B (informative) Some example structures of FTTA hybrid cables	25
Annex C (informative) Blank detail specification and minimum requirements for FTTA hybrid communication cables	29
Annex D (informative) Conductor in hybrid cable	32
D.1 Conductor type	32
D.2 Insulation material	32
Annex E (informative) Example of how to calculate the coverage factor formulae of shield or screen	33
E.1 Braiding	33
E.2 Braid angle, β	
E.3 Lay factor, K <sub>L</sub>	33
E.4 Filling factor, q	34
E.5 Coverage factor, K <sub>C</sub>	34
Bibliography	35
Figure B.1 – Hybrid cable with two optical fibre elements, two current carrying elements and metal shield (2F + 2 × 0,5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	25
Figure B.2 – Hybrid cable with flexible metal tube armouring (2F + 2 × 1 mm $^2$ )	25
Figure B.3 – Hybrid cable with three elements (2F + 2 × 0,5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
Figure B.4 – Combinational hybrid cable (6 × (2F + 2 × 0,5 mm <sup>2</sup> ))	
Figure B.5 – Hybrid cable with metal tape armouring (I) $(2 \times 2F + 4 \times 1 \text{ mm}^2)$	26
Figure B.6 – Hybrid cable with metal tape armouring (II) $(2 \times 2F + 2 \times 2 \times 0.5 \text{ mm}^2)$	26
Figure B.7 – Hybrid cable with 2 current carrying elements and 1 optical fibre element	27
Figure B.8 – Hybrid cable with 8 electrical elements and 6 optical fibre elements	27
Figure B.9 – Hybrid cable with 16 electrical elements and 2 optical fibre elements	27
Figure B.10 – Hybrid cable with shielding (1 × 24F + 12 × conductor 6 mm <sup>2</sup> or 16 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
Figure B.11 – Hybrid cable with 8 electrical elements and 1 optical fibre cable	
gae zgae aae aa	0
Table 1 – Optical transmission requirements for cabled optical fibre elements	12
Table 2 – Test voltages for different rated voltages	13
Table A.1 – Installed cable environments	19
Table A.2 – Details of environmental classification and its application in this specification	20
Table A.3 – Resistance to solar radiation	22
Table A.4 – Liquid pollution	23
Table A.5 – Gaseous pollution resistance	
Table A.6 – Gaseous pollution resistance	
Table C.1 – Blank detail specification	
Table D.1 – The type and code of insulation material and the maximum temperature of conductor and short circuit temperature	
Table F 1 – Braiding formulae variables	33

#### \_ 4 \_

#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### **HYBRID COMMUNICATION CABLES -**

## Part 3-10: Outdoor hybrid cables – Family specification for FTTA hybrid communication cables

#### **FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 62807-3-10 has been prepared by subcommittee 46C: Wires and symmetric cables, of IEC technical committee 46: Cables, wires, waveguides, RF connectors, RF and microwave passive components and accessories. It is an International Standard.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
46C/1246/FDIS	46C/1251/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

IEC 62807-3-10:2023 © IEC 2023

- 5 -

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at <a href="https://www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs">www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs</a>. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at <a href="https://www.iec.ch/publications">www.iec.ch/publications</a>.

This part of IEC 62807 is to be used in conjunction with IEC 62807-3:2023. It is based on the first edition of that document.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62807 series, published under the general title *Hybrid* communication cables, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

#### – 6 –

#### **HYBRID COMMUNICATION CABLES -**

## Part 3-10: Outdoor hybrid cables – Family specification for FTTA hybrid communication cables

### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62807 is a family specification for FTTA (Fibre-To-The-Antenna) outdoor hybrid communication cables. It specifies the design and construction, rated values and characteristics, requirements and test methods, packaging and quality assurance, etc.

The FTTA hybrid communication cables are typically but not only installed between the Base Band Unit (BBU) and Remote Radio Unit (RRU; or often called RRH – Remote Radio Head or AAU – Active Antenna Unit), and other scenario that supply electric current to optical communication equipment.

The FTTA hybrid communication cables contain optical fibre elements and current carrying elements under a common outer sheath or other constructions unifying the elements. The current carrying elements are used only to supply power to the equipment within the communication network. The current carrying elements are not used for electricity distribution or transmission, nor for power supply to domestic appliances.

The relationship between each of the MICE classifications in ISO/IEC 11801-1, the requirements and test methods of hybrid cables being proposed in a specific application are fully considered and aligned (see Annex A).

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60227 (all parts), Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

IEC 60227-1, Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60228:2004, Conductors of insulated cables

IEC 60304, Standard colours for insulation for low-frequency cables and wires

IEC 60502-1, Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages from 1 kV (Um = 1,2 kV) up to 30 kV (Um = 36 kV) – Part 1: Cables for rated voltages of 1 kV (Um = 1,2 kV) and 3 kV (Um = 3,6 kV)

IEC 60793-1-40, Optical fibres - Part 1-40: Attenuation measurement methods

IEC 60793-1-44, Optical fibres – Part 1-44: Measurement methods and test procedures – Cut-off wavelength

IEC 62807-3-10:2023 © IEC 2023

**-7-**

IEC 60793-1-46, Optical fibres – Part 1-46: Measurement methods and test procedures – Monitoring of changes in optical transmittance

IEC 60793-1-48, Optical fibres – Part 1-48: Measurement methods and test procedures – Polarization mode dispersion

IEC 60793-2-10, Optical fibres – Part 2-10: Product specifications – Sectional specification for category A1 multimode fibres

IEC 60793-2-50, Optical fibres – Part 2-50: Product specifications – Sectional specification for class B single-mode fibres

IEC 60794-1-1, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-1: Generic specification – General

IEC 60794-1-21, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-21: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Mechanical test methods

IEC 60794-1-22, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-22: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Environmental test methods

IEC 60794-1-31, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-31: Generic specification – Optical cable elements – Optical fibre ribbon

IEC 60794-1-403, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-403: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Electrical test methods – Electrical continuity test of cable metallic elements, method H3

IEC 60794-2, Optical fibre cables - Part 2: Indoor cables - Sectional specification

IEC 60794-3:2022, Optical fibre cables – Part 3: Outdoor cables – Sectional specification

IEC 62807-3:2023, Hybrid communication cables – Part 3: Outdoor hybrid cables – Sectional specification

IEC 62821 (all parts), Electric cables – Halogen-free, low smoke, thermoplastic insulated and sheathed cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

IEC 62821-1, Electric cables – Halogen-free, low smoke, thermoplastic insulated and sheathed cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 63294, Test methods for electric cables with rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

ISO/IEC 11801-1:2017, Information technology – Generic cabling for customer premises – Part 1: General requirements