

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC 11579-3

First edition
1999-12-01

Information technology — Private integrated services network —

Part 3: Reference configuration for PINX extension lines

*Technologies de l'information — Réseau privé avec intégration de
services —*

Partie 3: Configuration de référence pour lignes d'extension PINX

Reference number
ISO/IEC 11579-3:1999(E)



PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

© ISO/IEC 1999

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 734 10 79
E-mail copyright@iso.ch
Web www.iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

Contents

	Page	
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Symbols and abbreviations	1
4	Definitions	2
5	PINX extension line reference configuration	2
5.1	Transceivers.....	3
5.2	Transceiver Control Function functional groupings.....	3
6	Reference points (RP)	3
6.1	A reference point	3
6.2	P reference points.....	4
6.2.1	P₁ reference point.....	4
6.2.2	Further P reference points.....	4
Annex A	(informative) Examples for PTS Functional Groupings and their Combinations, and Allocation of Reference Points	5

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO/IEC 11579 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO/IEC 11579-3 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Telecommunications and information exchange between systems*.

ISO/IEC 11579 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Private integrated services network*:

- *Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN Exchanges (PINX)*
- *Part 2: Reference configuration for HS-PISN Exchanges (HS-PINX)*
- *Part 3: Reference configuration for PINX extension lines*

Annex A of this part of ISO/IEC 11579 is for information only.

Introduction

In general, the PTS infrastructure consists of a series of transceivers, i.e. functional groupings which can perform reception, amplification, regeneration and sending of physical signals presented to them on the extension line. In the simplest case these transceiver functional groupings may be NULL, i.e. the extension line consists of a simple physical wiring.

This International Standard establishes the rules according to which a generic PTS functional grouping can be modelled to match the particular needs of an application, requiring active equipment in the extension line.

Information technology — Private integrated services network —

Part 3:

Reference configuration for PINX extension lines

1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 11579 specifies a reference configuration (RC) for the extension line of a private integrated services network exchange (PINX) including high level functions in addition to the physical termination system specified in part 1 of ISO/IEC 11579.

Since such high level functions appear application dependent and can occur, in principle, in any multiplicity and combination, no firm allocation of functional groupings and thus no firm reference points can be indicated. Instead, the principles for combining functional groupings associated with the physical termination system and allocating reference points are specified in this part of ISO/IEC 11579.

Examples for some combinations of functional groupings and the allocation of reference points are given in annex A.

The principle is not intended to require any specific implementation of a PINX, but only to provide guidance for the specification of PINX capabilities.

The principle is sufficient to support ISDN-like applications. It can be extended to also support non-ISDN-like applications.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO/IEC 11579. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO/IEC 11579 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ITU-T (formerly: CCITT) Recommendation I.411 (1988), *ISDN-User-Network-Interfaces — Reference Configurations*.

ISO/IEC 11579-1:1994, *Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private integrated services network — Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN Exchanges*.