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**Information technology —  
Interoperability with assistive  
technology (AT) —**

Part 4:  
**Linux/UNIX graphical environments  
accessibility API**

*Technologies de l'information — Interopérabilité avec les  
technologies d'assistance —*

*Partie 4: Accessibilité API des environnements graphiques Linux/UNIX*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 35, *User interfaces*.

ISO/IEC 13066 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Interoperability with Assistive Technology (AT)*:

- *Part 1: Requirements and recommendations for interoperability*
- *Part 2: Windows accessibility application programming interface (API)* [Technical Report]
- *Part 3: IAccessible2 accessibility application programming interface (API)* [Technical Report]
- *Part 4: Linux/UNIX graphical environments accessibility API* [Technical Report]
- *Part 6: Java accessibility application programming interface (API)* [Technical Report]

## Introduction

Assistive technology (AT) is specialized information technology (IT) hardware or software that is added to or incorporated within a system that increases accessibility for an individual. In other words, it is special purpose IT that interoperates with another IT product enabling a person with a disability to use the IT product.

Interoperability involves the ability to add or replace Assistive Technology (AT) to existing components of Information Technology (IT) systems. Interoperability between AT and IT is best facilitated via the use of standardized, public interfaces for all IT components.

This part of ISO/IEC 13066 describes the following.

### **AT-SPI**

The Assistive Technology Service Provider Interface (AT-SPI) API, which can be used as a toolkit agnostic framework to support software to software IT-AT interoperability on Linux and UNIX graphical desktop environments.

### **ATK**

The Accessibility Toolkit (ATK) library provides a set of interfaces in support of AT-SPI on the GUI application side. The interfaces are toolkit-independent implementations could be written for any widget set, such as GTK, Motif, or Qt.

# Information technology — Interoperability with assistive technology (AT) —

## Part 4: Linux/UNIX graphical environments accessibility API

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 13066 provides an overview to the structure and terminology of the Linux/UNIX graphical environments accessibility API.

It will provide the following:

- a description of the overall architecture and terminology of the API;
- further introductory explanations regarding the content and use of the API beyond those found in ISO/IEC 13066-1:2011, Annex A;
- an overview of the main properties, including
  - of user interface elements,
  - of how to get and set focus, and
  - of communication mechanisms in the API;
- a discussion of design considerations for the API (e.g. pointers to external sources of information on accessibility guidance related to using the API);
- information on extending the API (and where this is appropriate);
- an introduction to the programming interface of the API (including pointers to external sources of information).

It will provide this information as an introduction to the Java API to assist the following:

- IT system level developers who create custom controls and/or interface to them;
- AT developers involved in programming “hardware to software” and “software to software” interactions.