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**Information technology –
Fibre channel –**

**Part 222:
Single-byte command sets-2 mapping
protocol (FC-SB-2)**

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Foreword	9
Introduction	10
1 Scope	12
2 Normative references	13
2.1 General information concerning references	13
2.2 Approved references	13
2.3 References under development	13
3 Definitions and conventions	14
3.1 Definitions	14
3.2 Keywords	15
3.3 Conventions	16
3.3.1 English usage conventions	16
3.3.2 FC-PH	17
3.3.3 Bit numbering	17
3.3.4 Binary notation	17
3.3.5 Hexadecimal notation	17
3.3.6 Abbreviations, acronyms and symbols	17
4 Structure and concepts	19
4.1 Introduction	19
4.2 FC-4 General description	19
4.3 SB-2 overview	19
4.3.1 SB-2 instance	19
4.3.2 SB-2 protocols	19
4.4 Channel-path elements	20
4.4.1 Overview of channel-path elements	20
4.4.2 Channel	20
4.4.3 Channel image	20
4.4.4 Control unit	21
4.4.5 Control-unit image	21
4.4.6 Link	22
4.5 Channel-path configurations	22
4.5.1 Channel-path configuration overview	22
4.5.2 Point-to-point configuration	22
4.5.3 Fabric configuration	23
4.5.4 Physical path	24
4.5.5 Logical path	25
4.5.6 Channel-to-channel communication	25
4.6 Information transfer	26
4.7 Protocols	27
4.7.1 Protocol overview	27
4.7.2 Link level	27
4.7.3 Device level	28
4.7.4 Addressing	28
5 FC-PH Link Control	30
5.1 FC-PH Link control overview	30

5.2	Class of service	30
5.3	Buffer-to-buffer credit reclamation	30
5.4	SB-2 Sequences and exchanges	31
5.4.1	SB-2 sequences	31
5.4.2	SB-2 exchange pairs	31
5.5	FC-PH frame header fields	33
5.5.1	Frame header field overview	33
5.5.2	R_CTL field	33
5.5.3	D_ID and S_ID fields	33
5.5.4	CS_CTL	34
5.5.5	TYPE field	34
5.5.6	F_CTL field	34
5.5.7	SEQ_ID	34
5.5.8	DF_CTL	34
5.5.9	SEQ_CNT	34
5.5.10	OX_ID	34
5.5.11	RX_ID	34
5.5.12	Parameter field	35
5.6	Other FC-PH mechanisms	35
6	Link-Level functions	36
6.1	Link-level function overview	36
6.2	FC-PH Basic-link-services	36
6.2.1	Abort sequence	36
6.3	FC-PH Extended link services	36
6.3.1	F_Port login	36
6.3.2	N_Port login	36
6.3.3	N_Port logout	37
6.3.4	Reinstate recovery qualifier	37
6.3.5	Registered state change notification	37
6.3.6	State-change registration	38
6.3.7	Request Node-Identification Data	39
6.3.8	Registered Link-Incident Record	43
6.3.9	Registered Link-Incident Record requests and responses	43
6.3.10	Link-Incident-Record Registration	47
6.4	SB-2 Link-control functions	47
6.4.1	SB-2 Link-control function overview	47
6.4.2	Establish logical path	49
6.4.3	Remove logical path	52
6.4.4	Logical path established	52
6.4.5	Logical path removed	53
6.4.6	Link-level acknowledgment	54
6.4.7	Test initialization	55
6.4.8	Test initialization result	56
6.4.9	Link-level reject	57
6.4.10	Link-level busy	58
7	N_Port link initialization	60
7.1	N_Port link initialization overview	60
7.2	Link-initialization procedure	61
7.3	Initialization process for a channel	62

7.3.1	Channel initialization overview	62
7.3.2	Channel login	62
7.3.3	Channel Node-Identifier acquisition	63
7.3.4	Channel state-change registration	64
7.3.5	Channel Link-Incident-Record registration	64
7.3.6	Channel Logical-Path establishment	65
7.4	Initialization process for a control unit	66
7.4.1	Control unit initialization overview	66
7.4.2	Control-unit login	66
7.4.3	Control unit node-identifier acquisition	67
7.4.4	Control unit State-Change registration	69
7.4.5	Control unit logical-path establishment	69
8	SB-2 Information units	71
8.1	SB-2 Information unit overview	71
8.2	Rules for sending SB-2 IUs	71
8.2.1	Overview of rules for sending SB-2 information units	71
8.2.2	Rules for device-level functions	72
8.3	SB-2 IU structure	73
8.4	SB-2 header	75
8.4.1	SB-2 header format	75
8.4.2	Channel image ID	75
8.4.3	Control-unit image ID	75
8.4.4	Device address	75
8.5	IU header	76
8.5.1	IU header format	76
8.5.2	Information-unit identifier	76
8.5.3	Device-header flags	78
8.5.4	CCW number	80
8.5.5	Token	82
8.6	Device information block (DIB) structure	83
8.6.1	DIB structure overview	83
8.6.2	DIB header	83
8.6.3	Longitudinal-Redundancy-Check field	84
8.6.4	DIB data field	84
8.6.5	Cyclic-Redundancy-Check field	85
8.7	Command DIB structure	87
8.7.1	Command DIB overview	87
8.7.2	Command header	87
8.8	Command-Data DIB Structure	93
8.9	Data DIB structure	93
8.9.1	Data DIB overview	93
8.9.2	Data Header	94
8.10	Status DIB	94
8.10.1	Status DIB processing	94
8.10.2	Status DIB structure	96
8.10.3	Status header	97
8.10.4	Supplemental Status Field	108
8.11	Control DIB structure	110
8.11.1	Control DIB structure overview	110
8.11.2	Control header	110

8.12	Link-Control DIB structure	121
8.12.1	Link-Control DIB structure overview	121
8.12.2	Link header	122
8.12.3	Link payload	123
9	Device-Level functions and protocols	124
9.1	Device-Level operations	124
9.1.1	Overview of Device-Level operations	124
9.1.2	Channel program execution	124
9.1.3	Initiating an I/O operation	124
9.1.4	Data-Transfer protocol	127
9.1.5	Ending an I/O operation	133
9.1.6	Command chaining	136
9.2	Device-Level controls	137
9.2.1	Overview of Device-Level control functions	137
9.2.2	Stacking Status Function	138
9.2.3	Cancel function	139
9.2.4	System-Reset function	141
9.2.5	Selective-Reset function	142
9.2.6	Request-Status function	144
9.2.7	Device-Level-Exception function	145
9.2.8	Status-Acceptance function	145
9.2.9	Device-Level-Acknowledgment function	146
9.2.10	Control-Unit-Busy condition	146
9.3	Error handling at the device level	146
9.3.1	Purge path function	146
9.3.2	Command retry	147
9.3.3	Channel-Initiated recovery procedures	149
9.3.4	Address-Exception condition	153
9.4	Resetting event	153
9.5	Special functions	155
9.5.1	Path groups	155
9.5.2	Dynamic reconnection	155
10	Link error detection	157
10.1	Link error detection overview	157
10.2	SB-2 Timeouts	157
10.2.1	Overview of SB-2 timeouts	157
10.2.2	SB-2 Protocol time-out value	157
10.2.3	SB-2 time-out value	158
10.2.4	Logical path time-out value	158
10.2.5	Cancel function timeout	159
10.3	SB-2 link failure	159
10.4	Logical path timeout error	159
10.5	SB-2 exchange error	159
10.5.1	SB-2 exchange error overview	159
10.5.2	SB-2 protocol timeout	159
10.5.3	SB-2 IU integrity error	159
10.5.4	SB-2 protocol errors	160
10.5.5	Receive ABTS	161
10.5.6	Cancel function timeout error	161

10.5.7	Abnormal termination of exchange	161
10.6	Logical-Path-Not-Established error	161
10.7	Test initialization result error	161
11	Error recovery actions	163
11.1	Error recovery action overview	163
11.2	Link-Level recovery	164
11.2.1	Link-Level recovery overview	164
11.2.2	Recovery for an SB-2 link failure	165
11.2.3	Logical path timeout error	165
11.2.4	Recovery for an SB-2 offline condition	165
11.2.5	Recovery for an FC-PH link failure condition	166
11.2.6	Recovery for an SB-2 exchange error	166
11.2.7	Recovery for a Logical-Path-Not-Established error	167
11.2.8	Recovery for Link-Level Reject, P_RJT and F_RJT	167
11.2.9	Recovery for a Test-Initialization-Result error	168
11.3	Device-Level recovery	169
11.3.1	Device-Level recovery overview	169
11.3.2	Errors that cause the removal of a logical path	169
11.3.3	Errors that do not cause the removal of a logical path	170
Annex A	(informative) Fabric address assignment.....	173
A.1	Background	173
A.2	Description	173
Annex B	(informative) Correlation of exchanges of an exchange pair.....	174
B.1	Correlation of exchanges	174
Annex C	(normative) LRC calculation.....	175
C.1	LRC calculation procedure	175
C.2	LRC calculation example	175
Annex D	(normative) Status/chaining summary	177
D.1	Requirements for sending status and chaining	177
	Bibliography	178
	Index	179

Tables

Table 1 – Information categories of SB-2 IUs	33
Table 2 – SB-2 specific Link-Incident Record	43
Table 3 – Incident-Specific Information	46
Table 4 – Summary of link-control request and response IUs	49
Table 5 – Logical path field	56
Table 6 – Characteristics of IUs sent by a channel	71
Table 7 – Characteristics of IUs Sent by a Control Unit	72
Table 8 – DIB-type settings	77
Table 9 – EE-bit table	80
Table 10 – Contents of the command field	88
Table 11 – Required Commands	88
Table 12 – LRI and RV bit usage	99
Table 13 – Status byte	100
Table 14 – QTF/QTU relationship	104
Table 15 – DTF/DTU relationship	107
Table 16 – Bits 0 - 5 of Sense-data byte 0	110
Table 17 – Summary of Device-Level control functions	111
Table 18 – Summary of control IUs	113
Table 19 – Interpretation of the RO and RU bits	118
Table 20 – Exception code assignments	119
Table 21 – Permitted responses to a Selective-Reset IU	150
Table C.1 – Headers of IU	175
Table C.2 – LRC Calculation Example	176
Table D.1 – Status/will	177

Figures

Figure 1 – Document relationship	10
Figure 2 – FC-PH and SB-2 bit numbering conventions	17
Figure 3 – Channel images	20
Figure 4 – Control unit images	22
Figure 5 – Point-to-point channel-path configuration (single logical image)	23
Figure 6 – Point-to-point channel-path configuration (multiple logical images)	23
Figure 7 – Fabric channel-path configuration (multiple channel images)	24
Figure 8 – Fabric channel-path configuration (multiple channel images, CTC connection)	26
Figure 9 – Relationships among link level, device level, physical path, and logical path	27
Figure 10 – Contents of the node descriptor	40
Figure 11 – Link-control information field of the LRJ IU	58
Figure 12 – IU payload structures	74
Figure 13 – SB-2 header	75
Figure 14 – IU header	76
Figure 15 – IU identifier	76
Figure 16 – Device-header flags	78
Figure 17 – Basic DIB structure	83
Figure 18 – DIB header structure	83
Figure 19 – DIB data field	84
Figure 20 – Addends of the alternative initialized value of the CRC generator	86
Figure 21 – Command header	87
Figure 22 – CCW control flag field	89
Figure 23 – Command-flag field	91
Figure 24 – Data header	94
Figure 25 – Status header	97
Figure 26 – Status-flag field	97
Figure 27 – Queue-time parameter (QTP) format	104
Figure 28 – Queue-time parameter example	105
Figure 29 – Defer time parameter format	106
Figure 30 – Defer-time parameter example	108
Figure 31 – Control header	110
Figure 32 – Control-parameter field for the selective-reset IU	116
Figure 33 – Control-parameter field for the device-level exception IU	119
Figure 34 – Link header	122
Figure 35 – Link-control field	122
Figure 36 – Link error detection	157
Figure 37 – Recovery actions for the channel and control units	164

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – FIBRE CHANNEL –

PART 222: Single-byte command sets-2 mapping protocol (FC-SB-2)

FOREWORD

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International Standard ISO/IEC 14165-222 was prepared by subcommittee 25: Inter-connection of information technology equipment, of ISO/IEC joint technical committee 1: Information technology.

Introduction

FC-SB-2 describes the Fibre Channel protocol mapping for the Single-Byte Command Code Sets. The protocol is intended for use with ANSI X3.230, FC-PH, and its subsequent enhancements which specify the Fibre Channel Physical and Signalling Interface. FC-SB-2 is one of a number of Fibre Channel protocol mappings, referred to as FC-4s.

The reader should be familiar with FC-PH, Single-Byte Command Code Sets Connection (SBCON) Architecture (ANSI X3.296-1997).

Figure 1 shows the relationship of this FC-4 proposed working draft standard (highlighted rectangle) with other Fibre Channel standards and draft proposed standards.

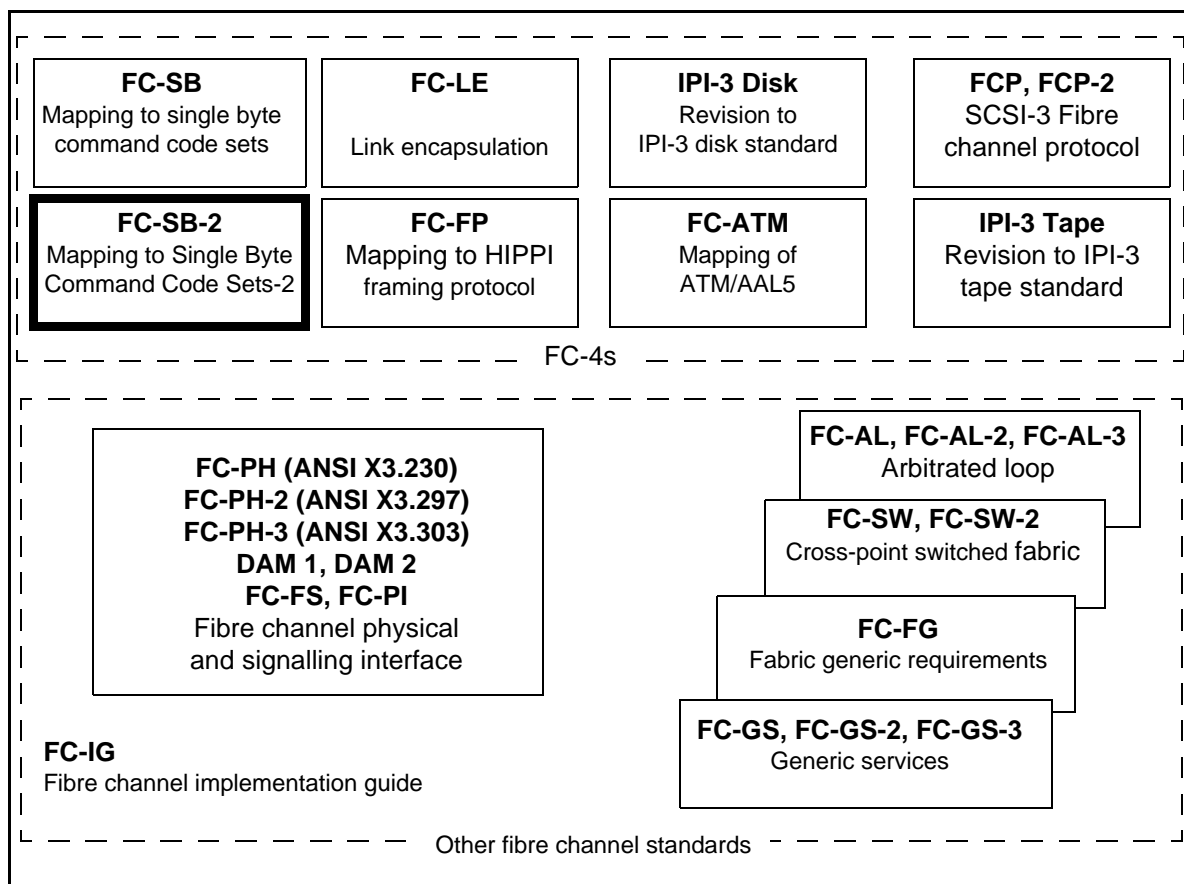


Figure 1 – Document relationship

The information presented in this document is grouped into clauses:

Clause 1, "Scope," gives a general introduction to the document.

Clause 2, "Normative references," lists the standards which are referenced in the text and which constitute provisions of this document.

Clause 3, "Definitions and conventions," describes the basic elements, acronyms, naming conventions, and terminology used in this document.

Clause 4, "Structure and concepts," provides an overview of the structure, concepts, configurations, and mechanisms used in this document and FC-PH, reference [1].

Clause 5, "FC-PH Link Control," describes how FC-2 link services, in conjunction with the link header, are used to perform SB-2 link-level and device-level functions.

Clause 6, "Link-Level functions," describes the link-level services and link-control functions required to establish and maintain the operational state of the FC-link.

Clause 7, "N_Port link initialization," describes an initialization process, in terms of the hierarchical steps (procedures), that need to be performed over the FC-link in order to establish link-level and device-level communication.

Clause 8, "SB-2 Information units," describes the SB-2 Information Unit (IU) types, and accompanying formats, that are transferred between conformant SB-2 ULPs.

Clause 9, "Device-Level functions and protocols," describes the functions and protocols to be used in the execution of I/O operations, exchange of control information, and device-level recovery.

Clause 10, "Link error detection," describes SB-2 level error detection mechanisms that are used in conjunction with FC-PH level error detection to insure the integrity of the FC-link and the data transferred.

Clause 11, "Error recovery actions," describes the SB-2 link-level and device-level recovery actions taken for FC-PH and SB-2 errors.

Annex A, "Fabric address assignment," describes a fabric address-assignment scheme which allows a channel to construct the three-byte N_Port ID of a given control unit from a configuration record which contains only a single byte entry for each control unit.

Annex B, "Correlation of exchanges of an exchange pair," describes some of the facilities available for correlation of an outbound and inbound exchange of an exchange pair.

Annex C, "LRC calculation," provides the procedure and an example of the Longitudinal Redundancy Check (LRC) calculation.

Annex D, "Status/chaining summary," summarizes the conditions controlling whether the control unit breaks or continues command chaining and when to present status to the channel.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – FIBRE CHANNEL –

PART 222: Single-byte command sets-2 mapping protocol (FC-SB-2)

1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 14165 describes a communication interface between a channel and I/O control units that utilize the Single-Byte Command Code Sets (SBCCS) as implemented in a wide range of data processing systems. It employs information formats and signalling protocols that provide a uniform means for communicating with various types of I/O control units, facilitating a high bandwidth, high performance and long distance information exchange environment. The signaling protocols and information exchanges are defined at a layer (FC-4) to compatibly utilize the link services and other functions provided by the ANSI Fibre Channel Physical and Signaling Interface (FC-PH) architecture (ANSI X3.230-1994, reference [1]). This FC-4 Upper Level Protocol is referred to as the Fibre Channel-Single-Byte-2 Command Code Sets Mapping Protocol (or for brevity, SB-2).

2 Normative references

2.1 General information concerning references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Copies of the following documents may be obtained from ANSI: Approved ANSI standards, approved and draft international and regional standards (ISO, CEN/CENELEC) and approved foreign standards (including BSI, JIS and DIN).

2.2 Approved references

[1] ANSI X3.230-1994, *Information Technology – Fibre Channel Physical and Signaling Interface (FC-PH)*, with amendment 1, AM1-1996.

[2] ANSI X3.297-1997, *Information Technology – Fibre Channel – Physical and Signalling Interface-2 (FC-PH-2)*

[3] ANSI X3.303-1998, *Fibre Channel – Physical and Signalling Interface-3 (FC-PH-3)*

[4] ISO/IEC 14165-131:2000, *Information technology – Fibre Channel – Part 131: Switch Fabric Requirements (FC-SW)*

[5] ANSI X3.296-1997, *Single-Byte Command Code Sets Connection Architecture (SBCON)*

[6] ISO/IEC 9314-2:1989, *Information processing systems – Fibre Distributed Data Interface - Part 2: Token Ring – Media Access Control (FDDI-MAC)*

2.3 References under development

When drafting this document, the following referenced standards were still under development. For information on the current status of the document, or regarding availability, contact the relevant standards body or other organizations, as indicated.

NOTE For more information on the current status of a document, contact the Secretariats of the relevant organisations.

[7] ANSI INCITS-230-1994/AM2-1999, *Fibre Channel-Physical and Signaling Interface (FC-PH) Amendment 2*

[8] ISO/IEC 14165-251, *Information technology – Fibre Channel – Part 251: Framing and Signaling (FC-FS)*