
**Information technology — Control
network protocol —**

**Part 3:
Power line channel specification**

*Technologies de l'information — Protocole de réseau de contrôle —
Partie 3: Spécification de canal de courants porteurs*



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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

ISO/IEC 14908-3 was prepared by CEN/TC 247 and was adopted, under a special “fast-track procedure”, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by the national bodies of ISO and IEC.

ISO/IEC 14908 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Control network protocol*:

- *Part 1: Protocol stack*
- *Part 2: Twisted pair communication*
- *Part 3: Power line channel specification*
- *Part 4: IP communication*

Introduction

This part of ISO/IEC 14908 specifies the Control Network Power Line (PL) Channel and serves as a companion document to ISO/IEC 14908-1. Its purpose is to present the information necessary for the development of a PL physical network and nodes to communicate and share information over that network. This is one of a series of documents covering the various media that comprise the CNP standard.

This part of ISO/IEC 14908 covers the complete physical layer (OSI layer 1) including the interface to the Medium Access Control (MAC) Sub-Layer and the interface to the medium. It includes parameters specific to the PL channel type, even though the parameters may be controlled at an OSI layer other than layer 1. This part of ISO/IEC 14908 also provides a set of guideline physical and electrical specifications for the power line environment as an aid in developing products for that environment.

This part of ISO/IEC 14908 has been prepared to provide mechanisms through which various vendors of local area control networks may exchange information in a standardised way. It defines communication capabilities.

This part of ISO/IEC 14908 is used by all involved in design, manufacture, engineering, installation and commissioning activities and has been made in response to the essential requirements of the Constructive Products Directive.

The CNP specification model is based on the OSI 7-layer model Reference Model. There are also important extensions to the OSI Reference Model. Figure 1 shows the scope of this specification in reference to the entire CNP model. In this International Standard, only the parts of the model relevant to power line communication are specified. Anything outside this boundary is covered in other parts of the standard. Similar specifications exist for other CNP media.

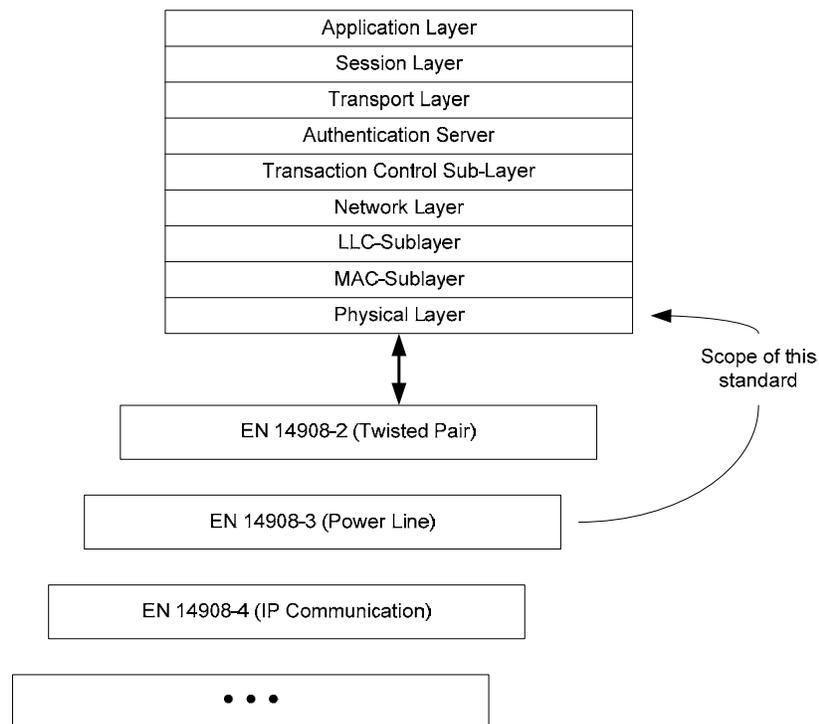


Figure 1 — Relationship of CNP 3 specification to the CNP 1 specification

The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) draw attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this International Standard may involve the use of patents held by Echelon Corporation.

The ISO and IEC take no position concerning the evidence, validity and scope of this patent right. The holder of this putative patent right has assured the ISO and IEC that they are willing to negotiate licences under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions with applicants throughout the world. In this respect, the statement of the holder of the putative patent rights is registered with the ISO and IEC. Information may be obtained from:

Echelon Corporation, 4015 Meridian Avenue, San Jose, CA 94304, USA, phone +1-408-938-5234, fax: +1-408-790-3800 <http://www.echelon.com>.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights other than those identified above. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – CONTROL NETWORK PROTOCOL –

Part 3: Power line channel specification

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies all the information necessary to facilitate the exchange of data and control information over the power line medium for networked control systems used in conjunction with ISO/IEC 14908-1.

This International Standard establishes a minimal set of rules for compliance. It does not rule out extended services to be provided, given that the rules are adhered to within the system. It is the intention of the standard to permit extended services (defined by users) to coexist.

Certain aspects of this standard are defined in other documents. These documents are referenced where relevant. In the case where a referenced standard conflicts with this International Standard, this part of ISO/IEC 14908 will prevail.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 14908-1, *Information technology – Control network protocol – Part 1: Protocol stack*

EN 50065-1, *Signalling on low-voltage electrical installations in the frequency range 3 kHz to 148,5 kHz — Part 1: General requirements, frequency bands and electromagnetic disturbances*

EN 50065-2-1, *Signalling on low-voltage electrical installations in the frequency range 3 kHz to 148,5 kHz — Part 2-1: Immunity requirements for mains communications equipment and systems operating in the range of frequencies 95 kHz to 148,5 kHz and intended for use in residential, commercial and light industrial environments*

EN 50065-2-2, *Signalling on low-voltage electrical installations in the frequency range 3 kHz to 148,5 kHz — Part 2-2: Immunity requirements for mains communications equipment and systems operating in the range of frequencies 95 kHz to 148,5 kHz and intended for use in industrial environments*