

ISO/IEC 6523-1

Second edition 2023-08

Information technology — Structure for the identification of organizations and organization parts —

Part 1: Identification of organization identification schemes

Technologies de l'information — Structure pour l'identification des organisations et des parties d'organisations —

Partie 1: Identification des systèmes d'identification d'organisations



Reference number ISO/IEC 6523-1:2023(E) ISO/IEC 6523-1:2023(E)



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO/IEC 2023

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

ISO/IEC 6523-1:2023(E)

Page

Contents

Forev	ord	iv
Intro	uction	v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms	1
4	 Structure for the identification of organizations and organization parts. 4.1 Purpose and components of the structure. 4.2 International Code Designator (ICD)	3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5
5	Reserved ICD values	6
	A (normative) Specification of attributes of the International Code Designator (ICD) and of the Organization Part Identifier Source indicator (OPIS)	
Anne	B (informative) Examples of use of the structure	9
Biblic	graphy	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iso.org/directiv

ISO and IEC draw attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO and IEC take no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO and IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents and https://patents.iec.ch. ISO and IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents and https://patents.iec.ch. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <u>www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</u>. In the IEC, see <u>www.iec.ch/understanding-standards</u>.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 32, *Data management services*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 6523-1:1998), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- extended length of OI and allowed UNICODE;
- OPIS content limited to one character from "0" to "9";
- updated <u>Annex A</u> to reflect the limitation of OPIS content and the current body responsible for the standard and other similar changes;
- changes in application to ISO/IEC drafting rules in force.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 6523 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u> and <u>www.iec.ch/national-committees</u>.

Introduction

The increased use of data processing and telecommunications capabilities in commercial, governmental and other applications has made possible the interchange of information in an effective machine-processable form. As this type of automated interchange increases, the need for International Standards covering data also increases. The ISO/IEC 6523 series, defining a structure for a globally unique and unambiguous identification of organizations and organization parts, is one of a number of International Standards that have been developed as a means for improving the accuracy and effectiveness of data processing and data interchange.

In the development of this document, it has been recognized that a single method for identifying all organizations on an international basis is neither feasible nor practicable. Instead, this document recognizes existing methods of identification and provides a means for systematically incorporating these in a uniform structure for the purposes of information interchange. In this document, an organization can be identified by more than one identification method.

The use of the structure for the identification of organizations and organization parts, for the purpose of interchange of information, will:

- a) improve the accuracy of the identification of organizations and organization parts, and hence of the interchange of data;
- b) reduce the need for human intervention in the interchange of information in machine-to-machine environments;
- c) diminish the time required to specify interchange agreements;
- d) as a consequence of the foregoing, reduce the cost of the interchange of data.

Examples illustrating the use of the structure for the identification of organizations and organization parts are given in <u>Annex B</u>.

This is a preview - click here to buy the full publication

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Information technology — Structure for the identification of organizations and organization parts —

Part 1: Identification of organization identification schemes

1 Scope

This document specifies a structure for globally and unambiguously identifying organizations, and parts thereof, for the purpose of information interchange.

This document also gives recommendations regarding cases where prior agreements can be concluded between interchange partners.

This document does not specify file organization techniques, storage media, languages, etc. to be used in its implementation.

NOTE The procedure for registration of organization identification schemes is specified in ISO/IEC 6523-2.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 6523-2, Information technology — Structure for the identification of organizations and organization parts — Part 2: Registration of organization identification schemes

ISO/IEC 10646, Information technology — Universal coded character set (UCS)